1	IN THE UNITED STATES COURT	OF	FEDERAL	CLAIMS
2				
3	STARR INTERNATIONAL COMPANY,)		
4	INC., Individually and on)		
5	Behalf of All Others)		
6	Similarly Situated,)		
7	Plaintiffs,)	Case No	. 11-779C
8	vs.)		
9	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)		
10	Defendant.)		
11)		
12				
13	Courtroom	n 4		
14	Howard T. Markey National Courts Building			
15	717 Madison Place, N.W.			
16	Washington, D.C.			
17	Monday, October	6,	2014	
18	9:30 a.m.			
19	Trial Volume 6			
20				
21	BEFORE: THE HONORABLE T	CHOM	AS C. WH	EELER
22				
23	Josett F. Whalen, RMR-CRR, Report	er		
24				
25				

Starr International Company, Inc. v. USA

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Starr International Company, Inc. v. USA

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22	*All exhibits prema	arked for identification prior to
23	trial.	
24	*See full attached	list of admitted exhibits following
25	transcript.	

Starr International Company, Inc. v. USA

1	APPEARANCES: (continued)
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1	PROCEEDINGS		
2			
3	(Proceeding called to order, 9:30 a.m.)		
4	THE COURT: We're on the record this morning for		
5	day six in the trial of Starr International Company		
6	versus the United States.		
7	Mr. Boies, I see you have a new witness.		
8	MR. BOIES: We do.		
9	We call as our next witness Henry Paulson.		
10	THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Paulson.		
11			
12	Whereupon		
13	HENRY PAULSON		
14	a witness, called for examination, having been first duly		
15	sworn, was examined and testified as follows:		
16	MR. BOIES: With the Court's permission, I will		
17	hand up a copy of Mr. Paulson's deposition transcript and		
18	our typical witness binder.		
19	THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much.		
20			
21	DIRECT EXAMINATION		
22	BY MR. BOIES:		
23	Q. Good morning, Mr. Paulson.		
24	A. Good morning, Mr. Boies.		
25	Q. You have up there with you on the witness stand		

- 1 two binders. One is a binder of the deposition that you
- 2 gave in this action, and the other is a binder of
- 3 selected documents that I may reference during my
- 4 examination of you.
- 5 One of the documents that I may reference is your
- 6 book, and I have in the binder a tab -- your book has
- 7 been marked as Exhibit 706, and I have selected pages
- 8 that we may reference. I've also given you a copy of
- 9 your book, both because as an author I know you
- 10 appreciate actually people buying the book and so that
- 11 you can see things in context if you wish.
- 12 Let me begin back before 2008.
- 13 You had anticipated a crisis in the financial
- 14 markets prior to August of 2007; correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 Q. And that crisis in the financial markets that you
- 17 had anticipated arrived in force on August 9, 2007;
- 18 correct?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 Q. It came from an area that you had not expected it
- 21 to come from, which was housing; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 Q. And the causes of the housing correction were
- 24 varied. There were a number of causes of that housing
- 25 correction; correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- Q. One of them is that for many years there had been
- 3 bad lending practices by banks and financial
- 4 institutions; correct?
- 5 A. That is true.
- 6 Q. And borrowers had been taking out mortgages that
- 7 they couldn't afford.
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And interest rates had been held at artificially
- 10 low levels, which resulted in the overstimulation of the
- 11 housing market; correct?
- 12 A. Fair, yes.
- Q. And people, big financial institutions, began
- 14 issuing and marketing very complicated securities that no
- one really understood and indeed people who were
- 16 marketing them did not understand; correct?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And the rating agencies that rated these
- 19 securities didn't perform well; is that fair?
- 20 A. It's fair.
- 21 Q. And the regulators really didn't do their job
- 22 either; correct?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And after 2007, after August of 2007, the
- 25 financial crisis continued to get worse, maybe not on a

- 1 straight-line basis, but by January, February, and March,
- 2 it was worse than it had been in August; correct?
- 3 A. That's true.
- 4 Q. And in March, there were certain actions taken by
- 5 the government, in particular, by the Federal Reserve,
- 6 to try to provide liquidity for individual companies and
- 7 to try to preserve functioning financial markets;
- 8 correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And one of those steps was a loan and credit
- 11 facility in connection with JPMorgan's acquisition of
- 12 Bear Stearns; correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Prior to March of 2008, had you been familiar
- 15 with section 13(3) of the Federal Reserve Act, which is a
- 16 provision that we've talked a lot about in court? But I
- 17 just wondered whether you in your position were familiar
- 18 with that before March.
- 19 A. I don't recall being familiar with it.
- Q. Did you become familiar with it in March?
- 21 A. I did, yes.
- 22 Q. Now, by September, the financial crisis had
- 23 accelerated; correct?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. And by the middle of September, right after Lehman

- 1 failed, the country was plunged into what I think you
- 2 have referred to as the most wrenching financial crisis
- 3 since the Great Depression; correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 Q. And the week of September 16, a number of steps
- 6 were taken by the government to try to provide liquidity
- 7 for individual companies and again preserve the
- 8 functioning of financial markets; correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. We're going to talk a lot about AIG, but I want to
- 11 focus just for a moment on what happened during the seven
- 12 days beginning on September 16 to provide liquidity to
- 13 companies other than AIG.
- 14 A. Yep.
- Q. And could you identify the ones that you're
- 16 familiar with.
- 17 A. Okay. Other than AIG, the Treasury Department
- 18 used the Exchange Stabilization Fund to guarantee the
- 19 money markets. We went up to the Congress on the night
- 20 of the 18th to request emergency authorities, which are,
- 21 you know, colloquially referred to as the TARP
- 22 authorities, so we went up on Thursday evening to request
- 23 those.
- 24 The Federal Reserve did a number of -- did a
- 25 number of, you know, unusual things. They also

- 1 announced, when the commercial paper market was under --
- 2 under a lot of -- a lot of pressure and the money markets
- 3 were under pressure, they announced a program to support
- 4 the commercial paper market, buying bank paper.
- 5 I can't offhand list all of the -- the unusual
- 6 measures that the Fed took.
- 7 The other things that I can think of was over
- 8 the -- the -- you know, the ensuing weekend, both
- 9 Morgan Stanley and Goldman Sachs became bank holding
- 10 companies.
- 11 I'm just trying to think of what else.
- 12 I don't remember when WaMu came unhinged and
- 13 JPMorgan bought that, but it was a waffling maybe that
- 14 weekend, that weekend period.
- 15 Q. Now, you mentioned Morgan Stanley and
- 16 Goldman Sachs.
- 17 Prior to the weekend of September 19 and 20 when
- 18 they became bank holding companies, you had had calls
- 19 from the chief executive officers of both Morgan Stanley
- 20 and Goldman Sachs expressing concern about the future of
- 21 their companies; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- Q. And I'd like you to look at Plaintiffs'
- 24 Exhibit 175. It is already in evidence.
- 25 I guess I don't have that in your book. I

- 1 apologize.
- 2 A. You've got it on the screen here; right?
- Ves.
- 4 A. Okay.
- 5 Q. And my question really is, this is a document
- 6 dated Saturday, September 20, 2008.
- 7 A. Yeah.
- 8 Q. And it talks about a call from Morgan Stanley to
- 9 Mr. Geithner --
- 10 A. Yeah.
- 11 Q. -- on the previous night?
- Were you familiar with that call at the time it
- 13 took place?
- 14 A. No, I wasn't. But I was familiar with the
- 15 situation.
- 16 Q. And what was your knowledge of that situation?
- 17 A. The situation was that -- that liquidity was
- 18 drying up very quickly for Morgan Stanley, and they were
- 19 getting -- getting close to the edge. I never had it
- 20 expressed to me that they wouldn't be able to open on
- 21 Monday, but based upon the conversations I'd had
- 22 throughout the week, that was my fear.
- 23 Q. And not only for Morgan Stanley, but the
- 24 liquidity markets generally were freezing up that week;
- 25 correct?

- 1 A. They'd been freezing up for a long time, but they
- 2 really froze up that week.
- Q. And even companies that were solvent were not able
- 4 to borrow the liquidity that they needed; correct?
- 5 A. I think that's true, yes.
- 6 Q. Now, turning to AIG, you were aware that prior to
- 7 September, AIG had tried to get some assistance from the
- 8 federal government.
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And around August 7 there had been a conversation
- 11 with -- between Mr. Willumstad and Mr. Geithner that
- 12 Mr. Geithner had reported to you, where Mr. Geithner was
- 13 talking to Mr. Willumstad and Mr. Willumstad was asking
- 14 whether a loan from the Federal Reserve was available and
- 15 Mr. Geithner, according to what he told you, told
- 16 Mr. Willumstad no; correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 Q. Now, turning to --
- 19 A. I had thought that that was about whether they had
- 20 access to the Fed discount window. I don't recall that
- 21 as being that they were asking for a loan. But you may
- 22 be right. I just --
- Q. I'm not -- I don't have --
- 24 A. Right.
- 25 Q. -- my own knowledge about that. I was taking it

- 1 from Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 714, which is in your
- 2 book. And this has been marked as Plaintiffs' Trial
- 3 Exhibit 714 for identification.
- 4 And this is something that you prepared in
- 5 connection with your book; is that correct?
- 6 A. Yes. Uh-huh.
- 7 Q. And I'd like to direct your attention to page 3.
- 8 Eleven lines down from the top, where you say "Tim
- 9 also telling me, " do you see that?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. You say "Tim also telling me that around that
- 12 time" -- which is August 8, 2008; correct?
- 13 A. Yeah.
- 14 O. -- "that Willumstad came in to talk to him
- 15 generally about some issues and see if the Fed would make
- 16 a loan to them and he told them no."
- 17 A. Right.
- 18 Q. Do you see that?
- 19 A. Yeah, I do.
- 20 O. And access to the discount window would have been
- 21 a loan. It would have been one form of loan; is that
- 22 correct?
- 23 A. It could have resulted in a loan. Yes.
- Q. Now, going back to September 16, 2008, you
- 25 concluded at that time that either there was going to be

- 1 federal assistance for AIG or AIG was going to file for
- 2 bankruptcy; correct?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. And you concluded by September 16 that there was
- 5 no private-sector solution without there at least being
- 6 some federal assistance; fair?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 Q. And you also concluded that it would be
- 9 catastrophic if AIG filed for bankruptcy; correct?
- 10 A. Sure did, yeah.
- 11 Q. And indeed, the morning of September 15, you told
- 12 President Bush that while the system could withstand a
- 13 Lehman failure, if AIG went down, the country faced a
- 14 real disaster; correct?
- 15 A. Yeah. I remember telling him that -- that for
- 16 sure if AIG went down, the country faced a real
- 17 disaster.
- 18 Q. And you told the president that more than almost
- 19 any financial firm you could think of, AIG was entwined
- 20 in every part of the global system, touching businesses
- 21 and consumers alike in many different and critical ways.
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. And you believed that if AIG collapsed, it would
- 24 have buckled our financial system and wrought economic
- 25 havoc on the lives of million of our citizens; correct?

- 1 A. I sure did, yeah.
- Q. And you believed that in part because the system
- 3 was as fragile as it was, if AIG had failed, it would
- 4 have taken down the whole financial system and our
- 5 economy, it would have been a disaster; correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. There then came a point where you concluded that
- 8 you could not let AIG fail; correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And you set about trying to figure out how AIG
- 11 could be preserved; correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. Now, over those few days, one of the people who
- 14 tried to contact you and tried to involve himself in the
- 15 process of saving AIG was Mr. Hank Greenberg; correct?
- 16 A. Correct.
- Q. And you had known Mr. Greenberg for some time;
- 18 correct?
- 19 A. I had, yes.
- Q. And you had a high regard for him; correct?
- 21 A. A very high regard for him.
- 22 Q. And you believe that probably there wasn't
- 23 anybody who knew as much about AIG than Mr. Greenberg;
- 24 correct?
- 25 A. Well, he sure did, you know, at the time he left

- 1 the company.
- Q. He'd left the company about three years before the
- 3 financial crisis.
- 4 A. Yes. Right. A lot had changed since he left.
- 5 Q. Now, you knew that he wanted to talk with you
- 6 about what could be done with AIG; correct?
- 7 A. I assumed that's what he wanted to talk to me
- 8 about.
- 9 Q. But you declined to talk to him; correct?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 Q. And do you know whether he also tried to talk to
- 12 Mr. Geithner at the same time?
- 13 A. I -- I don't know whether I knew he was trying to
- 14 talk with Tim Geithner at the same time.
- 15 Q. Okay. Now, you were aware on or about
- 16 September 16 that CIC and representatives of the Chinese
- 17 government were interested in providing liquidity for
- 18 AIG; correct?
- 19 A. I have no recollection of that, but I would say
- 20 this. There's no way I would have encouraged them to
- 21 come in because I was certain that they would not have
- 22 done a deal of the size that it took to save AIG without
- 23 a government guarantee and I couldn't -- couldn't
- 24 provide one, and the government couldn't provide that
- 25 assurance.

- 1 And so the other thing I would say to you about
- 2 the 16th is, even though I have no recollection of CIC or
- 3 the Chinese then, that -- that I sure wouldn't have
- 4 wanted to spook the Chinese knowing what I know now.
- 5 And -- and -- and I'll tell you, I can only imagine how
- 6 they would have reacted if I had to air the dirty linen
- 7 and tell them what we were dealing with at that point in
- 8 time.
- 9 Q. Now, let me ask you to look at a few documents.
- 10 You said in your last answer that you didn't
- 11 recall the issue of the Chinese proposing to provide
- 12 liquidity for AIG; is that correct?
- 13 A. Absolutely.
- 14 Q. Let me ask you to look first at Plaintiffs'
- 15 Exhibit 423, which I would offer.
- 16 A. I've got it.
- 17 MR. GARDNER: We object on hearsay grounds,
- 18 Your Honor.
- 19 THE COURT: I'm sorry?
- 20 MR. GARDNER: Hearsay grounds, Your Honor. We
- 21 object on hearsay.
- 22 THE COURT: I'll overrule the objection.
- 23 Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 423 is admitted.
- 24 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 423 was admitted into
- 25 evidence.)

- 1 BY MR. BOIES:
- Q. This is a transcript of an interview that you did
- 3 of Ms. Taiya Smith; correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 Q. And you did this interview on February 10, 2009;
- 6 correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- Q. And this was in preparation for the book that you
- 9 ultimately wrote; is that correct?
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- 11 Q. And who was Ms. Taiya Smith?
- 12 A. She was the -- one of the key policy people
- 13 working with me on the -- with connection to the
- 14 strategic economic dialogue with China, so she worked
- 15 very closely with me on all U.S.-China matters.
- 16 Q. Now, let me direct your attention to page 14 --
- 17 page 16, but for the context you may want to look at
- 18 page 15 as well.
- 19 A. I've got page -- mine goes 1, 18 to 19. Oh, I
- 20 see. You're looking at the numbers at the bottom.
- 21 Q. Yes. And I should have mentioned that before.
- 22 The exhibits have been marked --
- A. I've got it.
- Q. -- with exhibit numbers and page numbers.
- 25 A. Yep.

- Q. And when we get to your book, you'll see that the
- 2 numbers are off by just a couple of pages because we've
- 3 got your cover page and the like.
- 4 A. Okay.
- 5 Q. So I will be referring to the exhibit page
- 6 numbers, but if you have any confusion, let me know.
- 7 A. Yeah.
- 8 Q. On page 16 at line 12 --
- 9 A. Got it.
- 10 Q. -- Ms. Smith says, "I was on the plane and got a
- 11 call from Jeanie" -- how do you pronounce that last name?
- 12 Do you know?
- 13 A. It's "Kamski."
- 14 O. "Kamski."
- 15 And who is Jeanie Kamski?
- 16 A. I know her and I would -- I think she runs or ran
- 17 a business at the time, may still run it, that -- that is
- 18 an advisory business on -- with regard to China, working
- 19 with U.S. -- you know, U.S. clients doing business in
- 20 China.
- 21 Q. And Ms. Smith says that Ms. Kamski said that CIC
- 22 and others are interested in investing in AIG?
- 23 A. Yeah.
- Q. And that they were actually willing to put up a
- 25 little bit more than the total amount of money required

- 1 for AIG.
- 2 Do you see that?
- 3 A. Yeah.
- Q. And she then goes on to say that she went back to
- 5 McCormick.
- Who is McCormick?
- 7 A. That would be David McCormick, who was the
- 8 undersecretary for international affairs and, you know,
- 9 talked regularly with the Chinese as I did during the
- 10 financial crisis.
- 11 Q. And did Mr. McCormick work for you?
- 12 A. Yes. As undersecretary of Treasury.
- 13 Q. And McCormick said that he had just talked about
- 14 it with you.
- Do you see that?
- 16 A. Yeah, I do.
- Q. And that you did not want the Chinese coming in at
- 18 that point in time on AIG.
- 19 A. I see that.
- Q. Do you see that?
- 21 A. Yep. Uh-huh.
- 22 Q. And do you have any reason to doubt Ms. Smith's
- 23 report here even though you don't remember it yourself?
- A. No reason to doubt it.
- 25 Q. Let me ask you to look at Plaintiffs' Trial

- 1 Exhibit 89, which is an e-mail from Ms. Smith to
- 2 Mr. McCormick and others, dated September 16, 2008 --
- 3 A. Let me find that.
- 4 Q. -- at 4:25 p.m.
- 5 And I would offer that document.
- 6 A. I got it.
- 7 MR. GARDNER: We object on foundation grounds and
- 8 hearsay within hearsay.
- 9 THE COURT: I'm going to overrule the objection.
- 10 It's a government document and relates to AIG.
- 11 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 89 was admitted into
- 12 evidence.)
- 13 BY MR. BOIES:
- Q. Did you see a copy of this e-mail at or about the
- 15 time that it was sent?
- 16 A. I've sure got no recollection of it, and I
- 17 didn't -- didn't really do e-mail when I was at
- 18 Treasury.
- 19 Q. And I take it you don't have any recollection of
- 20 either Ms. Smith or Mr. McCormick discussing this with
- 21 you at the time?
- 22 A. No.
- 23 Q. Do you recall that this week you had actually
- 24 talked to President Bush about possibly getting China to
- 25 make a liquidity investment in Morgan Stanley?

- - 1 I -- I don't think that was a -- they needed a
 - 2 liquidity investment. I think they needed an investment
 - 3 from CIC, but -- but I -- I -- I did talk to
 - President Bush about that. It was a very different set 4
 - 5 of circumstances, but I talked to him, yes.
 - 6 Q. Right. And I'm not suggesting it was the same
 - 7 circumstances.
 - 8 Α. Right.
 - 9 The circumstances with respect to Morgan Stanley, Ο.
 - though, were that Morgan Stanley on September 20 badly 10
- needed liquidity; correct? 11
- 12 Α. They did, yes.
- 13 Ο. And you discussed with President Bush the
- possibility of getting China to make an investment in 14
- 15 Morgan Stanley; correct?
- 16 A. Yeah. I told President Bush that -- that
- John Mack at -- who was the CEO of Morgan Stanley, had 17
- 18 told me that he was in discussions with CIC, who had made
- 19 an investment in Morgan Stanley earlier. And he had
- 20 asked if I would say something to Wang Qishan, who was
- 21 the vice premier of China and my counterpart, about this,
- 22 would I tell Wang Qishan that I thought that that was --
- 23 that we would welcome such an investment.
- 24 And so -- and then I -- I talked to President Bush
- 25 and talked to Steve Hadley, who was his national security

- 1 advisor. And we agreed that it wouldn't be appropriate
- 2 for the president to ask, but if the Chinese were going
- 3 to make an investment, then the president might be able
- 4 to call President Hu after the fact and say we
- 5 appreciated their cooperation.
- 6 But as it turned out, when I -- when I raised the
- 7 issue with Wang Qishan, it was clear they didn't have an
- 8 interest. As I would have suspected, I think they would
- 9 have looked for, you know, some form of guarantee from
- 10 the government. The Chinese were very, very nervous
- 11 during this, this period in time.
- But again, I would just say, Mr. Boies, that on
- 13 this one, if -- if the CEO of AIG on the 13th or 14th
- 14 when we were talking with him or on the 15th had said, We
- 15 are in discussions with CIC and we're negotiating to make
- 16 an investment, would you say something to them, I would
- 17 have said, You betcha.
- 18 Q. In the conversation that you had with the Chinese
- 19 about Morgan Stanley, did they ask you for a guarantee of
- 20 any kind?
- 21 A. No. They -- they wouldn't have been that blunt.
- 22 What we -- what we had was a -- I -- my recollection was
- 23 the staff, you know, as we were getting near the call,
- 24 the way these calls generally work, is, you know, I would
- 25 be pretty candid. I'd known Wang Qishan for years and we

- 1 talked regularly, and these conversations were very, very
- 2 important during the crisis, but it was important to be
- 3 quite -- quite clear, and so the staff would talk to his
- 4 staff beforehand. And I think that my recollection was
- 5 they were asking what kinds of assurances we might give,
- 6 et cetera.
- 7 And so what -- when I said we would welcome an
- 8 investment and then he started talking about risks, and
- 9 so on, and then changed the subject, I didn't -- I didn't
- 10 pursue it.
- 11 Q. Now, with respect to AIG, did anyone ever tell you
- 12 that China or CIC was looking for any government
- 13 quarantee or assurances from the United States in order
- 14 to make an investment?
- 15 A. No. I never talked with the Chinese that I can
- 16 recall about AIG.
- 17 This comes from -- yeah, just to back up a little
- 18 bit, I talked with the Chinese continually, as did
- 19 David McCormick, from, you know, the beginnings in
- 20 2007 all the way through the toughest times, and so I had
- 21 a really good feel for -- for the -- their state of mind.
- 22 And people in State Council were in a state of shock
- 23 because they'd seen household names, you know, like
- 24 Morgan Stanley and Merrill Lynch and others had had huge
- 25 problems.

- 1 And there was a lot -- after CIC made the
- 2 Morgan Stanley investment initially, which was only
- 3 \$5 billion, at the beginning of the crisis, there was a
- 4 lot of recrimination and how could we be, you know,
- 5 risking our national treasure, you know, here.
- And so my biggest concerns, like, for instance, if
- 7 you would look at my book, on the 17th of September,
- 8 David McCormick was reassuring the Chinese even at that
- 9 time during the crisis and trying to make them
- 10 comfortable keeping their investments in U.S. money
- 11 market funds and not unloading, you know, corporate
- 12 securities and other things.
- So again, it was -- I never ever said to them
- 14 would you talk to them about an AIG investment. But I
- 15 just was a hundred percent certain that the Chinese
- 16 weren't going to come in and do something of the size
- 17 that would save this company without getting assurances
- 18 that I couldn't -- that I couldn't give.
- 19 Q. During that week, were you concerned that the
- 20 Chinese not lose confidence in the American economy and
- 21 in the ability of the American government to deal with
- 22 the financial crisis?
- 23 A. You betcha.
- 24 That was my primary concern with regard to China
- 25 throughout this crisis.

- 1 Q. Let me ask you to look at Plaintiffs' Trial
- 2 Exhibit 512, which is an interview of you by Mike Carroll
- 3 on April 30, 2009.
- 4 A. What page of that?
- 5 Q. I'm going to particularly go to page 17.
- 6 But before that, this was an interview that you
- 7 gave to Mr. Carroll in connection with the preparation of
- 8 your book; correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 And just by way of background, the first -- the
- 11 first transcript was, when I left Treasury, I got people
- 12 together to -- you know, to -- to summarize their
- 13 thoughts before people scattered to the winds and get
- 14 down their recollections.
- 15 And then when Mike Carroll started working with
- 16 me in April, we had some general discussions where he
- 17 was looking at these transcripts and talking to me and
- 18 we were -- and we -- we retained a court recorder just
- 19 so we would -- I didn't have secretarial help at the
- 20 time and I just wanted to make sure we got it all down
- 21 on paper.
- 22 MR. BOIES: I would offer Plaintiffs' Trial
- 23 Exhibit 512, Your Honor.
- MR. GARDNER: We object on hearsay grounds,
- 25 Your Honor.

- 1 THE COURT: Overruled. Plaintiffs' Trial
- 2 Exhibit 512 is admitted.
- 3 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 512 was admitted into
- 4 evidence.)
- 5 BY MR. BOIES:
- 6 Q. Let me ask you to look at page 2 -- page 17 of
- 7 this exhibit.
- 8 And there is a reference there --
- 9 A. Yeah.
- 10 Q. -- at lines -- starting at line 13 but continuing
- 11 to line 16.
- 12 Do you see that?
- 13 A. Yep.
- Q. And it talks about John Thornton coming to you
- 15 and saying that the Chinese were asking questions and
- 16 saying is there a way for them to buy AIG or invest in
- 17 AIG.
- Do you see that?
- 19 A. Yeah.
- Q. When did that happen?
- 21 A. I tried to place that, and I don't know. I
- 22 suspect it was after -- I suspect it was after the 16th.
- 23 And as I've thought about it, I thought it was probably
- 24 coming from a man gamed Gao who ran CIC, which reported
- 25 up to, you know, the State Council, but I don't remember

- 1 when, when John approached me, but I do remember that.
- 2 O. And who was John Thornton?
- 3 A. John Thornton was a former colleague of mine who
- 4 had been the president of Goldman Sachs. When he left
- 5 Goldman Sachs, he became chairman of Brookings Institute.
- 6 And he was also a professor at Tsinghua University in
- 7 Beijing, so he was in China frequently, and I consider
- 8 him to be a China expert.
- 9 Q. Let me ask you to now, sir, turn your attention to
- 10 the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve meeting
- 11 that took place on September 16.
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. In that connection, just to refresh your
- 14 recollection, I'll ask you to look at Joint Exhibit 63
- 15 that is in your book.
- 16 A. So you'll have to help me again with this.
- 17 Q. Sure. It's right at the very beginning of your
- 18 book, of your binder with the --
- 19 A. Oh, binder.
- Q. I'm sorry.
- 21 A. I got it.
- 22 So I got it.
- 23 Q. By the way, have you seen these minutes of the
- 24 Board of Governors meeting before?
- 25 A. If I have, I sure don't recall it.

- 1 Q. This shows you as being present at that meeting.
- Were you in fact present --
- 3 A. I believe I was.
- 4 Q. -- by telephone?
- 5 I'm sorry?
- 6 A. I said yeah. I believe I was present
- 7 telephonically for at least part of it.
- 8 Q. There has been testimony that there was an initial
- 9 session shortly after noon and then followed by a second
- 10 session starting after 2:15 or 2:30.
- 11 Were you present at both sessions or only one of
- 12 those?
- 13 A. I -- I don't recall. I -- I had an awful lot
- 14 going on that day, and so I know I was there for -- for
- 15 at least part of a -- of the discussion.
- 16 Q. Were you present for the discussion of the terms
- 17 of the proposed credit facility that the Federal Reserve
- 18 was considering making available to AIG?
- 19 A. I know I had discussions about the terms, and I --
- 20 with -- at some -- at some call, so I participated, and
- 21 I'm not sure whether it was at the board call or whether
- 22 it was at some other call I had that day, but it could
- 23 well have been the board call.
- Q. And I want to go through some of the terms and see
- 25 what you remember being said about them.

- 1 One of the terms of course of the loan was the
- 2 interest rate.
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. And as you understood it, how was the proposed
- 5 interest rate arrived at? If you have a recollection.
- 6 A. I don't know how any of the terms were arrived at,
- 7 and I don't remember talking about that, about how they
- 8 were arrived at. I know what my views were about those
- 9 and what I was thinking about those terms, but I don't
- 10 know whether that, you know, was shaped in some way by
- 11 this discussion. I just -- I just have a very strong
- 12 recollection of the terms and my views about them, but I
- don't know how and where they were set.
- Q. Did you express any views about the terms of this
- 15 credit facility at the Board of Governors meeting?
- 16 A. I don't remember. I remember I was -- I was
- 17 positive about the -- about the loan.
- 18 Q. That is, you supported the loan.
- 19 A. I supported the loan, and I remember supporting
- 20 the terms of the loan, but I don't remember what I said
- 21 at that meeting.
- 22 Q. What was said about the interest rate at the
- 23 Board of Governors meeting and by whom?
- 24 A. I don't know that.
- 25 Q. Another one of the terms was the provision of

- 1 warrants for the purchase of common stock of AIG
- 2 representing 79.9 percent of the common stock on a fully
- 3 diluted basis. Do you recall that?
- 4 A. I see that. Yeah.
- 5 Q. And what was said about that provision at the
- 6 Board of Governors meeting?
- 7 A. I -- as I said, I just don't have any
- 8 recollection of the discussion of terms at that meeting
- 9 or --
- 10 Q. Do you have a recollection that the equity
- 11 component of this was said to be warrants as opposed to
- 12 common stock or preferred stock or some other equity
- 13 form?
- 14 A. No. My recollection was, I knew that there was an
- 15 approximately 80 percent interest that the government was
- 16 getting, but I don't -- don't have a recollection as
- 17 to -- in terms of the form or the discussion around that.
- Q. Was there any discussion at the Board of Governors
- 19 meeting that the equity component of the credit facility
- 20 would require a shareholder vote or shareholder
- 21 approval?
- 22 A. I don't remember that. I just -- as I've said,
- 23 there's a lot that happened that day, and that was
- 24 something that I -- I just don't remember or haven't
- 25 focused on.

- 1 Q. On page 6 of Joint Exhibit 63, there is a
- 2 reference to warrants.
- 3 Do you see that?
- 4 A. Yeah, I see it.
- 5 Q. And then right beneath that, there is a reference
- 6 to periodic commitment fee?
- 7 Do you see that?
- 8 A. Yeah, I see it.
- 9 Q. And opposite "Periodic Commitment Fee" it says
- 10 "Prior to Shareholder Approval of the increase in
- 11 authorized shares," and then it goes on and talks about
- 12 what the various --
- 13 A. Yep.
- 14 Q. -- fees will be.
- 15 Do you see that?
- 16 A. I sure do.
- 17 Q. And does that refresh your recollection that at
- 18 the Board of Governors meeting, it was contemplated that
- 19 the equity component of the loan would be subject to
- 20 shareholder approval?
- 21 A. It doesn't.
- 22 Q. You just don't have any recollection of that one
- 23 way or the other; is that correct?
- 24 A. No.
- 25 Q. Now, at this Board of Governors meeting, was there

- 1 any discussion of a trust to hold whatever equity the
- 2 government got in connection with this loan?
- 3 A. Yeah. I don't -- I don't remember any of this,
- 4 this discussion.
- 5 O. You are aware that after the Board of Governors
- 6 meeting and after September 16, there ultimately was a
- 7 revolving credit agreement that was entered into between
- 8 the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and AIG; correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And did you have any discussions with anyone
- 11 concerning the terms of that credit agreement?
- 12 A. The -- in terms of the -- the 850 basis points
- 13 over LIBOR and --
- 14 Q. Or the -- any of the other issues that were in the
- 15 credit agreement.
- 16 I understand that you talked about these issues on
- 17 September 16.
- 18 A. Right.
- 19 Q. But after September 16, did you have continuing
- 20 discussion with anyone?
- 21 A. No. After September 16, I was on to the next
- 22 one. You know, this didn't come back into my frame
- 23 until the time that the TARP -- we needed to put equity
- 24 into AIG.
- 25 Q. Were you aware of any changes in the terms of

- 1 the credit facility between September 16, when you were
- 2 at the board meeting, and the signing of the
- 3 September 22 revolving credit agreement?
- 4 A. No.
- 5 Q. Were you aware that the primary collateral for the
- 6 loan, the primary collateral for the credit facility, was
- 7 AIG's insurance businesses?
- 8 A. I sure was.
- 9 Q. And you believed that these retail insurance
- 10 businesses of AIG had independent credit ratings;
- 11 correct?
- 12 A. Yeah.
- Q. And that they were the kind of collateral that the
- 14 Federal Reserve was looking for; correct?
- 15 A. Yes. Absolutely.
- 16 O. And you believed that those insurance subsidiaries
- 17 were more stable because of the strength of their
- 18 business and their standalone credit ratings, which were
- 19 separate from the AIG holding company's ratings and
- 20 troubles; correct?
- 21 A. That was a major point as far as I was concerned.
- Q. And you understood that the Federal Reserve
- 23 believed that it could make a loan to help AIG, unlike
- 24 Lehman Brothers, because with AIG you were dealing with a
- 25 liquidity, not a capital, problem; correct?

- 1 A. That was clearly my view at the time that loan was
- 2 made.
- 3 Q. Now, let me turn to Mr. Ed Liddy.
- 4 He was someone who you had known before September
- 5 of 2008; correct?
- 6 A. Absolutely.
- 7 Q. And could you just explain briefly for the record
- 8 how you came to know him.
- 9 A. Well, I first knew Ed Liddy when he was the
- 10 treasurer of Sears during a major restructuring there. I
- 11 then worked with him when he was the chairman and CEO of
- 12 Allstate. And then most recently I -- when I was
- 13 chairman and CEO of Goldman Sachs, he was on the board of
- 14 Goldman Sachs.
- 15 Q. And the morning of September 16, you began working
- on finding a new CEO for AIG; correct?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And you asked somebody named Ken Wilson to help
- 19 you with that; correct?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 Q. And could you identify who Ken Wilson is.
- 22 A. Ken Wilson at the time was a contractor at
- 23 Treasury. He was one of my -- one of my senior advisors.
- 24 And prior to that, he had been a vice chairman of
- 25 Goldman Sachs. And he was someone that knew the

- 1 financial services industry because his career had been
- 2 spent as a banker to bankers and insurance companies.
- 3 Q. And you asked Mr. Wilson to drop everything that
- 4 he was doing and help find a CEO for AIG; correct?
- 5 A. I did, yes.
- 6 Q. And within a couple of hours he had identified
- 7 Ed Liddy and told you that he thought you could get
- 8 Ed Liddy but that you would have to call Liddy; correct?
- 9 A. I remember that well.
- 10 Q. And you were actually on your cell phone, walking
- 11 to another meeting, and you immediately called Ed Liddy
- 12 and offered him the position of AIG chief on the spot;
- 13 correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And you sealed that deal before you removed
- 16 Willumstad; correct?
- 17 A. Yes. I -- that's what I said, I sealed the deal.
- 18 I would say to you I had the -- you know, I think I got
- 19 done talking with him and he headed to New York to meet
- 20 with the AIG board. I assumed the board would approve
- 21 it, but I thought I'd sealed the deal.
- 22 Q. After speaking with Mr. Liddy on the 16th, did you
- 23 continue to speak to Mr. Liddy about AIG?
- 24 A. No.
- 25 Q. For example, did you have any conversations with

- 1 Mr. Liddy about AIG between the 16th of September and
- 2 the 23rd of September when the credit agreement was
- 3 signed?
- 4 A. I don't think I -- I can't recall any, any
- 5 conversations that I had with him. You know, I can't
- 6 recall any prior to leaving Treasury, so I think I was --
- 7 as I said, I -- I -- I talked -- I remember talking to
- 8 Bob Willumstad about it, but I don't remember talking
- 9 with anybody else about it again.
- 10 Q. The Sunday after September 16, you went on
- 11 Meet the Press with Tom Brokaw; correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. And one of the things that you said on that
- 14 program was that the government planned to liquidate AIG;
- 15 correct?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 Q. Let me turn to the subject of the -- of something
- 18 called the reverse stock split. And this may or may not
- 19 be something that you are familiar with, but it is an
- 20 issue in this case.
- 21 A. Okay.
- Q. There came a time when AIG, during the time that
- 23 the government held 79.9 percent of its equity, engaged
- in what has been referred to as a reverse stock split.
- 25 And you are familiar with reverse stock splits.

- 1 A. Yeah. I know what a reverse stock split is.
- Q. Were you aware that during the time that the
- 3 government held 79.9 percent of AIG's equity that AIG
- 4 engaged in a reverse stock split?
- 5 A. If I was, I don't remember it.
- 6 Q. In your long experience with financial matters,
- 7 have you ever been familiar with a reverse stock split
- 8 that applied to outstanding shares but did not apply to
- 9 issued shares?
- 10 A. I can't think of any offhand.
- 11 Q. Let me turn to the trust that held the preferred
- 12 shares that were ultimately issued in connection with the
- 13 credit facility.
- 14 Even though you don't recall any discussion of the
- 15 trust prior to September 23, there came a time when you
- 16 knew there was such a trust; correct?
- 17 A. Well, if there did, I don't remember it.
- 18 Q. Do you recall what kind of equity the government
- 19 ultimately got as a result of the credit facility
- 20 provided to IBM -- to AIG?
- 21 A. I don't.
- 22 O. You don't recall whether it was warrants or
- 23 preferred stock or something else?
- 24 A. I don't, no.
- 25 Q. You have described the terms of the credit

- 1 facility with AIG as being punitive terms; correct?
- 2 A. I have, yes.
- Q. And indeed, you have said that the initial terms
- 4 were too punitive; correct?
- 5 A. Yeah. I said that when we were -- when I was
- 6 thinking about the need to restructure the loan.
- 7 Q. And one of the reasons that you thought they were
- 8 too punitive were that they were actually having a
- 9 deleterious effect on the company's financial stability;
- 10 correct?
- 11 A. That is true.
- 12 Q. And you have described what happened with AIG as
- 13 the government nationalizing AIG; correct?
- 14 A. I have. I have a different definition of
- 15 "nationalization" than maybe some others do, but my
- 16 definition is, when the government owns more than
- 17 50 percent, it's a nationalization.
- 18 O. That's not a bad working definition.
- 19 Did you believe that AIG was treated more
- 20 punitively than a number of other companies that
- 21 received government assistance during the financial
- 22 crisis?
- 23 A. I certainly believed it was treated on -- on
- 24 harsher terms than -- than a number of others, than --
- 25 than the one comparable I would come up with, Citibank.

- 1 I -- Citicorp. I think that AIG had harsher terms, and I
- 2 have a -- I have a reason why I think that was
- 3 appropriate, but I agree with your -- with your
- 4 statement.
- 5 Q. The -- let's go through some of that.
- 6 There were 13(3) loans to approximately or more
- 7 than 200 companies during the 2008 financial crisis;
- 8 correct?
- 9 A. Well, you've got me there. I didn't -- you know,
- 10 I -- I'm thinking of -- I -- the ones I focused on
- 11 were -- were -- were Bear Stearns and AIG.
- 12 Q. But you were aware that during 2008 and 2009 the
- 13 Federal Reserve System was making government assistance
- 14 available to, if not more than 200, at least a large
- 15 number of companies; correct?
- 16 A. So I guess the -- the -- you're saying it was the
- 17 primary dealers facility 13(3)?
- 18 Q. The primary dealer facility was 13(3) and there
- 19 was a number of other facilities that had been
- 20 identified.
- 21 A. Okay.
- 22 Q. Just in terms of your own knowledge, without
- 23 trying to pin you to a particular facility, were you
- 24 aware that pursuant to 13(3), the Federal Reserve was
- 25 making liquidity assistance available to a significant

- 1 number of companies?
- 2 A. I was aware that they were making it. I had
- 3 focused on, you know, the -- the really extraordinary
- 4 cases where the companies were going to fail if they
- 5 didn't get -- if they didn't get a loan.
- 6 Q. And did you believe that, for example, Citi would
- 7 have failed if it had not been provided with government
- 8 assistance?
- 9 A. I did, yes.
- 10 Q. And did you believe that Morgan Stanley would have
- 11 failed if it had not been provided with government
- 12 assistance?
- 13 A. I -- you and I may have a difference there because
- 14 I think that the -- that the key to Morgan Stanley was --
- 15 was finding a strategic investor and the capital,
- 16 Mitsubishi, so I think that was the key. I don't -- I
- 17 don't think the bank holding company was the deciding
- 18 factor.
- 19 Q. The bank holding company was not the only
- 20 government assistance provided to Morgan Stanley;
- 21 correct?
- 22 A. You're saying that the -- that the Primary Dealer
- 23 Credit Facility?
- Q. Among other things, yes.
- 25 A. Yeah. I -- yeah, I -- I looked at those,

- 1 you know, to -- to me, the -- the -- it's a little bit
- 2 apples and oranges, but -- but I -- I -- you know, I'm
- 3 not going to argue with your point that -- that there
- 4 were Fed -- Fed facilities that were available to a range
- 5 of companies.
- 6 Q. I mean, for example, at the end of September of
- 7 2008, the Fed had made certain loans available to AIG,
- 8 and I take it you don't remember the exact amount, but it
- 9 was tens of millions of -- tens of billions of dollars;
- 10 correct?
- 11 A. To AIG?
- 12 O. Yes.
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. And were you also aware that at the end of
- 15 September the Federal Reserve had made tens of billions
- of dollars of loans available to Morgan Stanley?
- 17 A. I was not aware of that.
- 18 Q. Do you know whether the total loans outstanding to
- 19 Morgan Stanley at the end of September of 2008 were more
- 20 or less than the outstanding loans to AIG?
- 21 A. I -- I don't. But what I -- what I think you're
- 22 referring to was a -- a -- a facility that let -- let
- 23 financial institutions bring good collateral in and --
- 24 and fund it, which I think was just a different -- a
- 25 totally different situation than a loan to prevent

- 1 someone from failing.
- Q. When you say "bring good collateral in," on
- 3 September 16, do you know what the collateral
- 4 requirements were for the PDCF?
- 5 A. You'll have to talk with the Fed about that.
- Q. Were you aware that on September 14, 2008, the Fed
- 7 had revised the collateral requirements for the PDCF so
- 8 that people could post non-investment-grade bonds and
- 9 equities?
- 10 A. Yeah, I was.
- 11 Q. And did you have a judgment one way or another as
- 12 to whether Morgan Stanley would have failed if the PDCF
- 13 were terminated?
- 14 A. I didn't. I had a -- I knew they were on the --
- 15 you know, that they were near the edge.
- 16 Q. Even though you don't remember the form the
- 17 equity took, you are aware that the government got
- 18 equity as compensation for the 13(3) loan to AIG;
- 19 correct?
- 20 A. Of course.
- 21 Q. And are you also aware that AIG is the only
- 22 company that has ever been required to surrender equity
- 23 in order to get a 13(3) loan?
- A. I can't think of any other -- no, I can't.
- Q. I just want to be sure the record is clear.

- I think your answer was that you can't identify
- 2 any other company --
- 3 A. Yes, that was my answer.
- 4 O. Fine.
- 5 Prior to September 22, 2008, insofar as you are
- 6 aware, had either Treasury or the Federal Reserve or in
- 7 fact anyone in connection with the government undertaken
- 8 any investigation or analysis or made any findings
- 9 concerning whether AIG had engaged in any excessive
- 10 risk-taking or other misconduct?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Q. You are aware that more recently the
- 13 Department of Justice has investigated a number of
- 14 financial institutions with respect to their conduct
- 15 prior to and during the financial crisis; correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And that the Justice Department has brought
- 18 claims against a number of companies, including Citi,
- 19 alleging that these companies had engaged in fraudulent
- 20 conduct that caused the financial crisis; correct?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. And you are aware that the Justice Department has
- 23 made no such claims against AIG; correct?
- A. I can't think of any.
- 25 Q. And AIG did not itself originate or package or

- 1 market subprime backed securities; correct?
- 2 A. Not that I know of.
- 3 Q. What AIG did was sometimes purchased those and
- 4 sometimes offered a kind of protection that we've loosely
- 5 referred to as insurance or credit default swaps;
- 6 correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. Now, you said that -- and I don't mean to quote
- 9 you exactly, but the substance or sense of what you said
- 10 was that you thought there was a basis for treating AIG
- 11 more harshly or more punitively than other companies had
- 12 been treated; correct?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 Q. Now, first, at the board meeting on September 16,
- 15 was there any discussion as to whether or to what extent
- 16 there were -- was a basis to treat AIG more harshly or
- 17 more punitively than other companies receiving
- 18 13(3) loans?
- 19 A. Now, this was -- remember, this was
- 20 September 16 at the board meeting; right?
- 21 Q. Yes.
- 22 A. Yeah, so we had had -- Bear Stearns had been done
- 23 in March. This is before we'd gone to get TARP. I
- 24 don't -- as I said, I don't remember the -- the -- the
- 25 discussion, even the discussion of the terms in the board

- 1 meeting. To me, the -- you know, the examples I had in
- 2 my mind up until that time were Bear Stearns and
- 3 Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac and -- and that was, you know,
- 4 where we -- Treasury had stepped in in, you know, early
- 5 September, around September 7, and then this, so I don't
- 6 remember any, any such discussion.
- 7 Q. Now, of the examples you gave, the only
- 8 13(3) example is Bear Stearns; is that right?
- 9 A. Right. And Bear Stearns was -- was very different
- 10 because we had a buyer that was coming in in
- 11 Morgan Stanley and taking the risk, a lot of the risk,
- 12 you know, and guaranteeing the trading book during the
- 13 shareholder vote, you know, putting capital under the
- 14 transaction.
- 15 Q. And at the time of the Bear Stearns transaction,
- 16 you believed that there was no risk or no noticeable risk
- in the Bear Stearns credit; correct?
- 18 A. Well, I thought there was -- you know, that there
- 19 was, as I recall -- okay -- generally, that the Fed took
- 20 a pool of mortgages that they loaned against that was
- 21 roughly, you know, on the books for \$31 billion and maybe
- 22 the -- BlackRock valued it at 29 or 29.5 billion, but
- 23 there was a -- you know, it had a 6 percent yield so that
- 24 it -- that, you know, it -- it -- you know, I think it
- 25 was a -- you know, it made real sense.

- 1 Q. And do I take that last answer to be that you were
- 2 satisfied that there was no material risk in making that
- 3 extension of credit --
- 4 A. Well --
- 5 Q. -- for the reasons you've indicated?
- 6 A. Yeah. And again I'm saying that, first of all, I
- 7 didn't have to be satisfied. It was the Fed that had the
- 8 judgment.
- 9 Just in terms of the facts, I think the facts were
- 10 you had a buyer who guaranteed the trading book, took on
- 11 the company, and that there was a loan against a pool of
- 12 mortgages, and the facts were, although there was a small
- 13 hole in value, there was a positive carry.
- 14 O. But the loan that was made was a nonrecourse
- 15 loan --
- 16 A. It was nonrecourse, right.
- 17 Q. So you had this pool of assets against which a
- 18 loan was being extended, and either that pool of assets
- 19 would or would not adequately collateralize --
- 20 A. That's right.
- 21 Q. -- the loan.
- 22 A. Absolutely.
- Q. And you believed at the time that that pool of
- 24 assets did sufficiently collateralize the loan so there
- 25 was no material risk; is that fair?

- 1 And the Fed believed that that was -- that that --
- 2 that they had a basis to make that loan and -- and I
- 3 certainly didn't disagree with it. That made sense to
- 4 me.
- 5 Let me put it this way because this may be not
- 6 something that I ought to be asking you.
- 7 Do you have a judgment one way or another as to
- 8 how much risk, if any, there was in the Bear Stearns
- 9 credit facility?
- Yeah. I -- based upon what I knew, because I'd 10
- never done the analysis, I thought that there was 11
- 12 obviously some risk because the markets were
- 13 deteriorating. And I think at the time that that loan
- was made there wasn't a lot of risk, so I saw the big 14
- risk being what was going to continue to happen in the 15
- markets before those loan -- before those mortgages could 16
- be sold. 17
- 18 So I certainly wouldn't say it was without risk,
- 19 but yeah, I was pleased that the Fed felt they were able
- 20 to make that loan.
- 21 MR. BOIES: May I have just one moment,
- 22 Your Honor?
- 23 THE COURT: Sure.
- 24 BY MR. BOIES:
- 25 Q. Let me ask you to turn to Plaintiffs' Trial

- 1 Exhibit 253.
- 2 A. 253.
- 3 Q. This is an e-mail dated September 26, 2008 at
- 4 6:41 a.m.
- 5 A. I'm looking maybe at the wrong thing. 253?
- 6 Q. 253.
- 7 A. An e-mail from -- oh, yeah -- to Dan Jester.
- 8 got it.
- 9 Q. And if you -- and Dan Jester was at Treasury;
- 10 correct?
- 11 A. Right.
- 12 Q. And he attaches an e-mail that was originally
- 13 addressed to Ed Liddy and some other people?
- 14 A. Right.
- 15 Q. From John Studzinski.
- 16 A. Yeah.
- 17 Q. Do you see that?
- 18 A. Yeah.
- 19 Q. And in the e-mail to Ed Liddy --
- 20 A. Yeah.
- 21 Q. -- which is talking about the Chinese remaining
- 22 interested in making a large investment and writing a
- 23 large check --
- A. Right.
- Q. -- it says, "We need to have Paulson call

- 1 Vice Premier Wang" --
- 2 A. That's Wang Qishan.
- 3 Q. Wang Qishan.
- 4 A. Yeah.
- 5 Q. Now, did Mr. Jester, after he received this, raise
- 6 this issue with you?
- 7 I sure have got no -- no memory of that. Α.
- MR. BOIES: Your Honor, I would offer 8
- Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 253. 9
- MR. GARDNER: Objection. Foundation. 10
- THE COURT: Overruled. I will admit 11
- 12 Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 253.
- (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 253 was admitted into 13
- 14 evidence.)
- MR. BOIES: Your Honor, I have no more questions. 15
- 16 I pass the witness.
- THE COURT: All right. 17
- 18 MR. GARDNER: Your Honor, for the sake of
- 19 efficiency, could I suggest maybe a five-minute break
- 20 because I might be able to tighten up a bit and it might
- 21 be a benefit to the Court.
- 22 THE COURT: Let me give you even more of a
- 23 chance. Let's take a morning break. We'll return at
- 24 11:00 a.m.
- 25 (Court in recess.)

- 1 THE COURT: Your witness, Mr. Gardner.
- 2 MR. GARDNER: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 3 - -
- 4 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 5 BY MR. GARDNER:
- 6 Q. Good morning, Secretary Paulson.
- 7 A. Good morning.
- 8 Q. Did you support the New York Fed's decision to
- 9 make a rescue loan to AIG?
- 10 A. Of course I did, yep.
- 11 Q. Why?
- 12 A. Because I felt that if AIG had failed, it would
- 13 have wreaked havoc on the American economy, it would have
- 14 taken down the financial system and hurt millions and
- 15 millions of Americans.
- 16 Q. Now, you testified earlier that you believe the
- 17 equity stake was punitive. Do you recall that?
- 18 A. Yep.
- 19 Q. What did you mean by the use of the term
- 20 "punitive"?
- 21 A. I meant harsh. It -- it did indeed punish the
- 22 shareholders. I didn't mean that in a vindictive way or
- 23 a mean-spirited way. I was -- you know, I took no
- 24 pleasure in the fact that the shareholders were being
- 25 hurt. That's just the way our system is supposed to

- 1 work, that when companies fail, the shareholders bear the
- 2 losses.
- Q. Did you believe it was important for the terms to
- 4 be, as you used the term, punitive?
- 5 A. To me, the most important thing is stability and
- 6 preventing failure. That -- that trumps everything. But
- 7 if you -- if -- if we have a rescue that trumps failure
- 8 and then prevents failure, that, I think is what was
- 9 important, that the -- that the terms be harsh because
- 10 I -- you know, I take moral hazard seriously.
- 11 O. What's moral hazard?
- 12 A. The way I think of moral hazard is this. We can
- 13 never rely totally on regulation to find the problems.
- 14 It takes market discipline. And if we want healthy,
- 15 efficient markets, all market participants have got to be
- 16 very vigilant, you know, the equity shareholders of all
- 17 of the creditors, the depositors, management, all market
- 18 participants.
- 19 And if the government comes in when there's a
- 20 failure and assumes a loss, then there's a danger of
- 21 creating an expectation of the government coming in. If
- 22 the government assumes the losses that normally go to
- 23 market participants, then there's the danger that the
- 24 market participants won't continue to be as vigilant and
- 25 you'll lose market -- the market discipline.

- 1 Q. Now, I want to ask you some questions -- you
- 2 referenced the TARP program in your testimony with
- 3 Mr. Boies?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. At some point did you become aware that Treasury
- 6 needed to make a TARP investment in AIG?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 O. When was that?
- 9 A. It was October 22, 2008.
- 10 Q. Why was the TARP investment in AIG needed?
- 11 A. Because the situation had deteriorated, the
- 12 markets had continued to worsen, and I think that the --
- 13 and people learned more, and the problems at AIG were
- 14 more severe than we had -- the Fed had expected, the
- 15 government had expected, maybe than AIG had expected.
- 16 But the -- through some combination of deteriorating
- 17 markets and -- and more due diligence, it was learned
- 18 that the -- that the company was in a worse situation and
- 19 that the loan couldn't be repaid in two years. They were
- 20 going to need more money.
- 21 And I think the important distinction was I think
- 22 that the view was that there was a capital problem now
- 23 and they were going to need a capital injection.
- Q. How large was the initial TARP capital injection?
- 25 A. \$40 billion.

- 1 Q. Now, did you have an understanding at the time as
- 2 to what would have happened to AIG in the absence of that
- 3 \$40 billion TARP injection?
- 4 A. Yeah. I thought they would have failed and it
- 5 would have hurt the American economy and the -- you know,
- 6 the public.
- 7 Q. Did you have concerns about investing TARP funds
- 8 in AIG?
- 9 A. I did.
- 10 O. What were those concerns?
- 11 A. Well, they were -- they really were less about
- 12 the substantive need to invest and really more about the
- 13 fact that at that time AIG, either fairly or unfairly,
- 14 had become a symbol, had been stigmatized for all that
- 15 was bad on Wall Street. There had been a number of --
- 16 you know, the attorney general of New York had had an
- 17 investigation. There were a number of -- there was a lot
- 18 of adverse publicity.
- 19 And so my concern had to do with the fact that we
- 20 had a TARP, that there was initially \$700 billion
- 21 allocated. I -- we only had access to the first
- 22 350 without going back to Congress. A lot of that had
- 23 been allocated. \$40 billion was a big slug of what was
- 24 left, and I felt that -- I was worried that \$40 billion
- 25 more into AIG would so enrage the American public and

- 1 Congress that it would make it hard for me to get the
- 2 last 350 if we needed it, and so I was -- that was --
- 3 that was my biggest concern.
- But otherwise, the company needed the capital.
- 5 And fortunately, before we had the TARP, we didn't have
- 6 the ability to put in capital. After the TARP, we had
- 7 the ability, and fortunately we had it, because if we
- 8 hadn't had it, I think they would have gone down.
- 9 Q. So despite the concerns you just articulated, did
- 10 you ultimately decide to make a TARP investment in AIG?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. And why did you reach that decision?
- 13 A. Because it was what was necessary, and that's why
- 14 we'd gone to Congress to get the authorities.
- 15 My -- my initial concerns were -- were just that
- 16 it was -- that I -- I knew it was going to stigmatize the
- 17 TARP, or I feared that it would. But I had no doubt we
- 18 needed to do it and -- and I think it was necessary and I
- 19 think it was effective.
- Q. Now, on examination by Mr. Boies, if I understood
- 21 your testimony correctly, you stated that as of
- 22 September 16, 2008, you understood that AIG was
- 23 experiencing a liquidity problem.
- 24 A. Right.
- 25 Q. Did there come a point in time when you concluded

- 1 that AIG might in fact be experiencing a capital
- 2 problem?
- 3 A. Yeah. I think that's what I just said, that --
- 4 that -- that the situation had worsened. They weren't
- 5 going to be able to pay the loan back in time. There was
- 6 going to be a rating downgrade, which would cause them to
- 7 put up -- have to put up more collateral. And it was
- 8 just -- there was -- and again, I relied -- for this, I
- 9 relied on -- I had a team at Treasury that was working,
- 10 but they were relying to a large extent on the
- 11 New York Fed and Morgan Stanley, who was their financial
- 12 advisors, and on the conversations they had with the
- 13 company, with the Fed, with Morgan Stanley and with the
- 14 rating agencies, but based upon that, I was convinced
- 15 there was -- there was a capital problem.
- 16 Q. Now, on examination by Mr. Boies you alluded to
- 17 a, I believe, Meet the Press interview where you stated
- 18 that the intention was to liquidate AIG. Do you recall
- 19 that?
- 20 A. Yep.
- 21 Q. And what did you intend to mean by using the term
- 22 "liquidate"?
- 23 A. Well, I certainly didn't mean destroy the company.
- 24 I mean, this was a -- this is financial jargon. But
- 25 the -- from the beginning, from the first time

- 1 Bob Willumstad came to us with a proposal, you know, the
- 2 idea was that the loan was collateralized by insurance
- 3 company businesses and that these would be sold off to
- 4 repay the loan.
- 5 And so I -- when I talked about liquidate the
- 6 company, the company wasn't going to be propped up in its
- 7 current form. It was going to be -- parts of it were
- 8 going to need to be liquidated or sold off to repay the
- 9 loan because there wasn't going to be -- we weren't
- 10 relying on -- or the government wasn't relying on,
- 11 you know, it to be paid off from earnings, and it was
- 12 going to be paid off largely from selling parts of the
- 13 company.
- 14 That's what you call a bridge loan. You know, I
- 15 call it bridge loan or a liquidating loan.
- 16 Q. Now, you recall on examination by Mr. Boies he
- 17 asked you some questions about the Citi rescue?
- 18 A. Yeah.
- 19 Q. And I believe you testified or you stated that you
- 20 thought there were reasons for treating the Citi rescue
- 21 differently from AIG. Is that right?
- 22 A. That was something I thought about a lot at the
- 23 time. You know, we did things based upon the
- 24 circumstances we faced. And you know, and I make no
- 25 bones about the fact that I thought that Citi was going

- 1 to fail without the government coming in despite the fact
- 2 they had equity the first time that -- and Citi got
- 3 different terms.
- 4 We had the TARP. We didn't have the TARP. It was
- 5 a different point in time, but we had the TARP on the
- 6 22nd of October when we put money into AIG.
- 7 But my biggest concern with Citi was Citi was a --
- 8 a major bank and there were, in my judgment, other banks
- 9 that were quite vulnerable. And I -- and as the short
- 10 sellers were driving the stock down on Citi, as they did
- 11 with AIG, I felt that if the government came in and would
- 12 have demanded something like -- like -- like the Fed got
- 13 from AIG, the same thing from Citi, it would have
- 14 punished, you know, the -- rewarded the short sellers and
- 15 it would have punished the shareholders.
- 16 And the -- but then my concern was they would have
- 17 turned, you know, on the next -- we would have awarded
- 18 the shorts and they would have turned on the next bank,
- 19 which very well could have been BofA or then the next
- 20 one.
- 21 And so fairness, to the extent you can have
- 22 fairness, was relevant to me, but by far the most
- 23 important was stability.
- 24 And so the Citi terms -- I believe the Fed
- 25 designed AIG terms that were appropriate for AIG. The

- 1 Citi terms were appropriate for Citi to, you know,
- 2 guarantee, you know, to do everything we could to keep
- 3 Citi from failing.
- 4 I was very concerned about a Citi failure, and I
- 5 was concerned about the fact that I still didn't have and
- 6 didn't right up until I left the last \$350 billion.
- 7 So as we were looking at Citi, we said, boy, if we
- 8 do something, even if Citi survives, if we encourage the
- 9 shorts to go take down the next bank and then the next
- 10 bank, we might not have the resources to save the
- 11 financial system.
- I didn't have that same worry with AIG. I didn't
- 13 see another insurance company that I thought was
- 14 vulnerable or was like AIG, you know, with the same
- 15 systemic importance of the same business model, so
- 16 that's -- so with Citi, we didn't -- you know, the --
- 17 I -- I told you that I thought there was a moral hazard
- 18 that we helped take care of with AIG. We didn't do the
- 19 same thing with Citi, but that's because to me stability
- 20 trumped moral hazard.
- 21 MR. GARDNER: Your Honor, I have no further
- 22 questions. I pass the witness.
- 23 THE COURT: All right. Any redirect?
- MR. BOIES: A little bit, Your Honor.
- THE COURT: Okay.

- 1 - -
- 2 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 3 BY MR. BOIES:
- 4 Q. Good morning still.
- 5 A. Thank God it's still morning, yeah.
- 6 Q. I want to just clear up something that I think I
- 7 may have garbled in my prior examination.
- I asked you or I meant to ask you, in your long
- 9 experience with financial matters, have you ever been
- 10 familiar with a reverse stock split that applied to
- 11 issued or outstanding shares but did not apply to
- 12 authorized shares?
- 13 A. Issued and outstanding but not authorized but
- 14 unissued; right?
- 15 O. Yes.
- 16 A. Yeah. I -- you know, I can't -- I never focused
- on that question before, so I have to tell you, first of
- 18 all, I have never focused on it and I'm not aware of
- 19 any.
- Q. Now, let me turn to the subject matters that you
- 21 were just asked about.
- 22 First, as I understand what you testified to, with
- 23 Citi, you had a situation where there was moral hazard as
- 24 there was with AIG.
- 25 A. Right.

- 1 Q. But you made a decision that stability was more
- 2 important than moral hazard and that if you punished Citi
- 3 shareholders, that would send a message to the shorts to
- 4 maybe attack other --
- 5 A. Right.
- 6 Q. -- banks and you might have a domino effect; is
- 7 that fair?
- 8 A. That's fair.
- 9 Q. Now, with respect to Morgan Stanley --
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. -- Morgan Stanley received substantial government
- 12 assistance in terms of 13(3) loans; correct?
- 13 A. Yes. You and I have talked about that. I don't
- 14 view the 13(3) loans from the Primary Dealer Credit
- 15 Facility as being the same, but I -- but I will say I --
- 16 that they did receive assistance.
- 17 Q. And whether you think of the 13(3) loans to the
- 18 Primary Dealer Credit Facility as the same or not, they
- 19 nevertheless were essential to Morgan Stanley's survival
- 20 as of September of 2008; correct?
- 21 A. Yeah. I don't know the -- you know, the role
- 22 they played in survival, but they were -- they were a
- 23 factor.
- Q. Do you know whether in September, in the seven
- 25 days after September 16, that in addition to giving bank

- 1 holding company status to Morgan Stanley, the
- 2 Federal Reserve also made 13(3) loans to Morgan Stanley's
- 3 United Kingdom subsidiary?
- 4 A. I -- you know, you -- I'm not quarreling with
- 5 that. I wasn't aware of that.
- 6 Q. Now, you said that AIG was stigmatized I think you
- 7 said.
- 8 A. Yeah.
- 9 Q. And you were talking about AIG at the time of the
- 10 October TARP discussion; is that correct?
- 11 A. Uh-huh.
- 12 Q. Now, even before that, back in
- 13 September 16 and 17, AIG was incredibly unpopular;
- 14 correct?
- 15 A. Before -- before October 22?
- 16 Q. Yes. I'm talking about back in the period
- 17 September 16, 17, 18, that period.
- 18 A. Well, yes, because the American people -- we
- 19 hadn't even been to Congress yet to get the TARP, so the
- 20 American people were shocked to see a bailout of that
- 21 magnitude.
- 22 Q. And you have I think said that if there was a
- 23 political scapegoat, it was AIG; correct, sir?
- A. I believe it became a -- a -- maybe a scapegoat
- 25 is -- if I used that word, I did. And it certainly was a

- 1 scapegoat for -- for Wall Street and all the bad
- 2 practices that people were angry about.
- Q. And on or about September 18, you were trying to
- 4 get TARP passed; correct?
- 5 A. September 18 I was trying to get it passed, yeah,
- 6 September 18, yeah.
- 7 Q. I apologize if I misspoke.
- 8 A. Yeah. And we got it passed on October 3.
- 9 Q. And when you were trying to get TARP passed, in
- 10 the middle of September, you were concerned about what
- 11 the political implications would be of the AIG loan or
- 12 credit facility; correct?
- 13 A. I was concerned about political implications
- 14 throughout the crisis, particularly because it was a key
- 15 to stability. There was a crash between -- a clash
- 16 between markets and politics, and if we'd had either
- 17 presidential candidate at the time or Congress oppose
- 18 what we were doing, we wouldn't have been able to get the
- 19 authorities we needed.
- Q. And you believe that it was important to be seen
- 21 as being harsh and punitive to the AIG shareholders in
- 22 order to quell possible political opposition to TARP and
- 23 other further assistance; correct?
- 24 A. Yeah, I believe that. As I said, stability came
- 25 first. But once you got stability, that -- and that was

- 1 related to stability, the -- being able to -- to
- 2 minimize, you know, the political opposition to what we
- 3 were doing.
- 4 Q. And on or about September 16, you spoke both to
- 5 John McCain and Barack Obama, who were then the two
- 6 competing candidates for president of the United States;
- 7 correct?
- 8 A. I did.
- 9 Q. And one of the things you were trying to do was to
- 10 tell them that they shouldn't be unhappy about the AIG
- 11 credit because the AIG shareholders were being treated
- 12 very harshly; correct, sir?
- 13 A. That was one of the points that I made.
- 14 Q. And you believe that was an important point in
- 15 order to keep them from criticizing the deal.
- 16 A. Yep.
- 17 MR. BOIES: I have no more questions, Your Honor.
- 18 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Boies.
- 19 Anything further, Mr. Gardner?
- MR. GARDNER: No, Your Honor.
- 21 THE COURT: Secretary Paulson, thank you very
- 22 much for your testimony in this matter. You are
- 23 excused.
- 24 THE WITNESS: Thank you. You've made my day.
- 25 MR. BOIES: Your Honor, we call as our next

- 1 witness Mr. Timothy Geithner.
- THE COURT: All right. Very well.
- 3 MR. DINTZER: Your Honor, unfortunately,
- 4 plaintiffs' counsel did not give us the notice that they
- 5 would be abbreviating their presentation of
- 6 Secretary Paulson, and so at this moment
- 7 Secretary Geithner is not available.
- 8 What we would suggest is that the plaintiffs play
- 9 the video of Mr. Studzinski, which we had sort of kept in
- 10 reserve. They said that they may not have it available,
- 11 but perhaps they can have it put together as quickly as
- 12 possible and we can use that as sort of a filler.
- 13 The plaintiffs had allocated six hours for
- 14 Secretary Paulson and which would have been a full trial
- 15 day, and based on our conversations with the plaintiffs,
- 16 we did not anticipate that Secretary Geithner would take
- 17 the stand till first thing tomorrow morning at the
- 18 earliest.
- 19 THE COURT: When will Mr. Geithner be available?
- 20 MR. DINTZER: We are checking with him and
- 21 checking to find out.
- 22 If the Court would have it, we are also looking
- 23 at Ms. Mosser and Ms. McConnell to see if we can have
- 24 them. Unfortunately, we have people in New York who --
- 25 I mean, the witnesses are in New York or the attorneys

- 1 who had worked with the witnesses are in New York. We
- 2 are looking at who could take the stand this afternoon,
- 3 Your Honor, and we will get a name as quickly as we can.
- 4 But at this time we don't have the next witness.
- 5 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Boies?
- 6 MR. BOIES: The examination did go more quickly
- 7 than I thought, but that was because he gave very direct
- 8 answers. I think the Court can make his own judgment as
- 9 to the difference between these answers and the answers
- 10 that we got last week.
- 11 What we told them was that we were going to call
- 12 Mr. Paulson, Mr. Geithner and Mr. Bernanke one right
- 13 after the other. I did not know that they were not going
- 14 to have him available today.
- 15 The Studzinski tape requires being cut, and I
- 16 don't think that's going to help us today. We'll try to
- 17 get it cut so we can have it available if this happens
- 18 again.
- 19 But I would ask that witnesses be, in response to
- 20 the trial subpoena, available the day that they are next
- 21 up in line in the batter's box, so to speak, so that we
- 22 don't have to try to predict how lengthy or short the
- answers are going to be to questions.
- I have basically the same questions, as the Court
- 25 will have seen, for all these witnesses. Sometimes I get

- 1 direct answers; sometimes I don't. The faster the
- 2 answers come, the faster the person gets off.
- 3 THE COURT: Well, unfortunately we can't make a
- 4 witness magically appear when he's not here, so how would
- 5 you like to proceed?
- 6 MR. BOIES: Well, Your Honor, I think counsel's
- 7 suggestion is a good one. We could try to get
- 8 Ms. Mosser back. I believe she was available but the day
- 9 she was leaving I think on Wednesday or Thursday. That
- 10 would be a logical thing to do.
- 11 Ms. McConnell is also somebody who we could put in
- 12 here.
- 13 Perhaps we could take an earlier lunch than usual,
- 14 and perhaps they could have somebody, you know, back by
- 15 1:30 or whatever -- whenever the Court thinks is
- 16 appropriate.
- 17 THE COURT: Let's do this. I'm trusting,
- 18 Mr. Dintzer, in your ability to have someone here to
- 19 testify perhaps by 1:30?
- 20 MR. DINTZER: Your Honor, we're looking at plane
- 21 schedules to get people down from New York. It's -- I
- 22 hate to be overly optimistic to the Court. My guess is,
- 23 is we're looking more like 2:30. But we are reaching out
- 24 to people, and I don't want to make promises that --
- 25 based on plane schedules.

- 1 MR. BOIES: I think Ms. Mosser is in New York --
- 2 is in Washington, D.C.
- 3 MR. DINTZER: She is.
- 4 The attorney who is prepared to present
- 5 Ms. Mosser is in New York and has been -- I believe
- 6 we've contacted her to ask her to move with all speed
- 7 back down to D.C.
- 8 But -- but, Your Honor, we will put -- we will
- 9 reach out to all possible witnesses to get a witness here
- 10 to court as quickly as possible.
- 11 What we would ask for plaintiffs' counsel is that
- 12 if -- and Your Honor, this is my nineteenth trial here in
- 13 the Court of Federal Claims. This is actually the first
- 14 time this has ever happened. We usually work pretty
- 15 close with the plaintiffs' counsel to make sure that
- 16 there's not dead airtime. And if a witness is going to
- 17 go faster, we usually have a good working relationship
- 18 where they let us know so that we're in a position to
- 19 make sure that we absolutely, positively don't waste the
- 20 Court's time.
- 21 So we will work closer with the plaintiffs to make
- 22 sure that this doesn't happen again, and we will reach
- 23 out to the people in New York and get a witness, some
- 24 witness, as quickly as we possibly can.
- 25 THE COURT: All right. Well, let's reconvene at

- 1 1:30 since I trust in your ability to have someone here,
- 2 and we'll see where we stand at that time. And just stay
- 3 in close communication with plaintiffs' counsel.
- 4 MR. DINTZER: Absolutely, Your Honor.
- 5 MR. BOIES: Your Honor, could I inquire as to when
- 6 Mr. Geithner can be here.
- 7 MR. DINTZER: We are looking at -- I hate to make
- 8 any representation based on the shuttle, Your Honor,
- 9 but -- but potentially by 4:00. When we -- when we know
- 10 that he would be here, we would let the Court know that
- 11 he could be here, but we've reached out to him to try to
- 12 do that as quickly as possible.
- 13 THE COURT: All right. Well, let's see where we
- 14 are at 1:30 when we reconvene then.
- 15 MR. DINTZER: Excellent. Thank you, Your Honor.
- 16 THE COURT: Thank you.
- 17 (Whereupon, at 11:29 a.m., a lunch recess was
- 18 taken.)

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1 AFTERNOON SESSION 2 (1:30 p.m.)3 MR. DINTZER: Your Honor, with some help from the shuttle, we have -- we've got people in motion. 4 5 going to have Ms. Mosser available and the attorney to 6 represent her hopefully within the next 30 minutes and 7 then, after that, Ms. McConnell. And she'll be -- I 8 believe she'll be ready to go on right after her. 9 And so if we could ask the Court's indulgence until about 2:00, I think we'll be ready to go forward. 10 THE COURT: Mr. Boies, is that --11 12 MR. BOIES: I -- I can't object to that. The --13 Ms. Mosser is here, but her -- the attorney that started with her is not here, and I -- I don't -- I don't think 14 I would want to press counsel to have a different 15 16 attorney representing her if they're not comfortable doing that. 17 THE COURT: So it's Ms. Acevedo that's not here? 18 19 MR. DINTZER: It is, Your Honor. And her shuttle 20 has landed and she's en route. 21 THE COURT: Just out of curiosity, why would she 22 leave town with her witness not having completed 23 testimony? 24 MR. DINTZER: Well, it was our understanding, 25 based on the representations from the plaintiffs, that

- 1 Ms. Mosser wasn't going to go Monday, Tuesday and
- 2 Wednesday of this week. And with the other witnesses,
- 3 Your Honor, in the case and the preparation for those
- 4 other witnesses next week and the weeks thereafter, the
- 5 effort is being made to prepare each witness so that
- 6 they're prepared for -- for providing the testimony to
- 7 the Court.
- 8 So if -- I mean, we -- we are making every effort
- 9 to -- to reduce the delay, but -- but we would prefer to
- 10 have Ms. Acevedo representing the witness.
- 11 THE COURT: No. I just don't understand why a
- 12 lawyer would leave town with her witness not having
- 13 completed the testimony. It doesn't make any sense to
- 14 me.
- MR. DINTZER: I'm sorry, Your Honor. And I -- if
- 16 I'm -- and it's probably my inability to explain it, but
- 17 we -- based on the representations from the plaintiffs,
- 18 we were -- we thought we had a clear understanding that
- 19 it would be -- that Ms. Mosser wouldn't be testifying
- 20 within the next three days. And they have identified
- 21 something on the order of fifty witnesses, most of --
- 22 many of whom are in New York.
- 23 So I -- we -- we will have her here shortly.
- 24 THE COURT: All right. We'll stand adjourned.
- We'll reconvene at 2:00.

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1 (Court in recess.) 2 THE COURT: Welcome back, Dr. Mosser. We didn't 3 expect you so soon. 4 THE WITNESS: I didn't expect to be here so soon. 5 THE COURT: You understand that you're still under 6 oath? 7 THE WITNESS: I do. THE COURT: All right. Let's go ahead. 8 9 MR. BOIES: Thank you, Your Honor. 10 11 Whereupon --12 PATRICIA MOSSER 13 a witness, called for examination, having been previously duly sworn, was examined and testified further as 14 15 follows: 16 DIRECT EXAMINATION (resumed) 17 18 BY MR. BOIES: 19 Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Mosser. 20 A. Good afternoon. 21 Q. I'd like to begin by just clearing up something 22 that we touched on briefly when you were last here. And

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that is, we talked about a number of interest rates,

Federal Reserve interest rates. One of them was the

target short-term rate. Do you recall that?

- 1 A. (Witness nodding.)
- Q. And one was the primary credit rate and one was
- 3 the secondary credit rate and then we talked about --
- 4 (Admonition from the court reporter.)
- When you were last here, we talked about a number
- 6 of interest rates, the target short-term rate, the
- 7 primary credit rate, the secondary credit rate and the
- 8 penalty rates. Do you recall that?
- 9 A. Yes, I do.
- 10 Q. And one thing that wasn't clear to me, are the
- 11 primary credit rates and the secondary credit rates
- 12 examples of what you call penalty rates?
- 13 A. The primary credit rate in the United States is an
- 14 example of a penalty rate, yes.
- 15 Q. And would the secondary credit rate also be an
- 16 example of a penalty rate?
- 17 A. I do not remember how the secondary credit rate is
- 18 set.
- 19 Q. The secondary credit rate would be higher than the
- 20 primary credit rate; correct?
- 21 A. Actually I don't remember if it is or not or
- 22 whether it's the same.
- Q. Let me ask you to look at a document that we've
- 24 marked as Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 692, which I would
- 25 offer.

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- 1 MS. ACEVEDO: We have no objection, Your Honor.
- 2 THE COURT: Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 692 is
- 3 admitted.
- 4 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 692 was admitted into
- 5 evidence.)
- 6 BY MR. BOIES:
- 7 Q. And can you tell from this exhibit, which is a
- publication of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, 8
- 9 entitled Historical Changes of the Target Federal Funds
- and Discount Rates, that the secondary rate is always 10
- slightly higher or a little bit higher than the primary 11
- 12 rate?
- 13 A. Yes. That's correct.
- Q. And would that mean that the secondary credit rate 14
- would also be a penalty rate? 15
- 16 Α. Yes.
- Now, we talked about a variety of Federal Reserve 17
- emergency credit facilities pursuant to section 13(3), 18
- 19 and I'd like to go through some of the ones that we
- 20 talked about and perhaps some that we didn't.
- 21 The first was the PDCF, and we talked about that;
- 22 correct?
- 23 I don't remember if we spoke about it actually
- 24 when I was here.
- 25 Q. Is the PDCF an example of a Federal Reserve

- 1 emergency credit facility that was in existence in the
- 2 fourth quarter of 2008?
- 3 A. Yes, it is.
- 4 Q. And the next item on Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit for
- 5 Identification 5006 is the TSLF.
- 6 Do you see that?
- 7 A. Yes, I do.
- 8 Q. And was that a Federal Reserve emergency credit
- 9 facility in operation pursuant to section 13(3) in the
- 10 fourth quarter of 2008?
- 11 A. Yes, it was.
- 12 Q. And then there was a money market investor
- 13 facility; correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 O. And --
- 16 A. That's not the name of it, but I believe I
- 17 understand what you're --
- 18 Q. Is that the MMIFF?
- 19 A. The MMIFF was proposed but not implemented.
- 20 O. When did that come into effect?
- 21 A. To the best of my recollection, it was proposed in
- 22 the fourth quarter of 2008.
- 23 Q. And did it actually come into effect in the fourth
- 24 quarter of 2008?
- 25 A. I'm testing my memory here. It was -- it was

- 1 proposed, but no funds were ever lent out of it. That, I
- 2 can say for certain. I'm not sure that it was actually
- 3 ever implemented.
- 4 Ever operationalized. Let me pick a different
- 5 word.
- 6 Q. So it was proposed, but it was never funded?
- 7 A. No. By that I mean there was no borrowing ever --
- 8 it was never operationalized so that there was never any
- 9 borrowing.
- 10 Q. There was never any borrowings under the MMIFF.
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. Now, the Commercial Paper Funding Facility or
- 13 CPFF, did that actually lend money?
- 14 A. It did.
- 15 O. And then of course there were 13(3) facilities for
- 16 Bear Stearns, for AIG, for Citigroup and for
- 17 Bank of America; correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. Then there was also -- was there something called
- 20 the TALF, Term Asset-Backed Securities Loan Facility?
- 21 A. Yeah. Lending facility, yes.
- Q. And did that actually lend money?
- 23 A. It did.
- Q. When did it begin lending money?
- 25 A. To the best of my recollection, in March of 2009.

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- 1 Q. And then was there something called the AMLF or
- 2 asset-backed commercial paper lending facility?
- 3 A. Yes.
- Q. And did they actually lend money pursuant to
- 5 that?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 O. When did that start?
- 8 A. I actually do not remember the start date of
- 9 that.
- 10 Q. Do you know whether --
- 11 A. It was in existence in 2008. I don't remember
- 12 when it started.
- 13 Q. That's all I really needed, that it was in 2008.
- Now, are you familiar with any other
- 15 Federal Reserve emergency credit facilities pursuant to
- 16 13(3) that were actually lending money in 2008?
- 17 A. That appears to be the complete list under
- 18 section 13(3).
- 19 Q. Now, am I correct that all of the rates under all
- 20 the facilities, all the credit facilities listed on
- 21 PTX 5006, would be what you refer to as penalty rates?
- 22 A. I -- no. Not all of them.
- Q. Would you identify for me which of these, going
- down from top to bottom, would be a penalty rate.
- 25 A. Excuse me. I've made an error in my previous

- 1 statement. I was attempting to remember the AMLF.
- 2 The answer to your question then is: Some of them
- 3 were. I don't know about all of them.
- Q. Would you tell me the ones that you identify from
- 5 your own knowledge as being credit facilities that had a
- 6 penalty rate.
- 7 A. To the best of my recollection, the PDCF, the
- 8 TSLF -- I -- the MMIFF I do not remember because it
- 9 wasn't implemented -- the commercial paper funding
- 10 facility, AIG, TALF, and to the best of my recollection,
- 11 the AMLF.
- 12 Q. And do I take it from your answer that you simply
- don't remember one way or the other whether the
- 14 Bear Stearns, Citigroup and Bank of America credit
- 15 facilities were or were not penalty rates?
- 16 A. I do not recall whether they were or not.
- 17 Q. Now, just before we stopped last time you were
- 18 here, I was directing your attention to Plaintiffs' Trial
- 19 Exhibit 232, and would you turn to that, please.
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And this is an e-mail that you received on
- 22 September 23, 2008 at 17:32 Eastern Daylight Time;
- 23 correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- MR. BOIES: I would offer this document.

- 1 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, we have no objection.
- THE COURT: Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 232 is
- 3 admitted.
- 4 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 232 was admitted into
- 5 evidence.)
- 6 BY MR. BOIES:
- 7 Q. Who is the author of this document?
- 8 A. Ira Selig.
- 9 Q. And who is he?
- 10 A. He was a midlevel analyst -- trader analyst is the
- 11 job title -- in the markets group.
- 12 Q. And he makes a proposal here.
- Do you see that?
- 14 A. A poles?
- Q. A proposal.
- 16 A. Correct.
- Q. And he's talking about the AIG credit facility;
- 18 correct?
- 19 A. You're talking about the second paragraph?
- 20 Q. Yes.
- 21 A. Yes. Yes.
- 22 Q. And he says, "The current policy response is to
- 23 obliterate existing stockholders and AIG's bonds trading
- 24 at distressed levels because folks now believe every part
- of the capital structure is behind the \$85 billion

- 1 Federal Reserve loan."
- 2 Do you see that?
- 3 A. I do.
- Q. Was that your understanding at this time?
- 5 A. Actually I was not part of the structure of the
- 6 loan -- the analysis or -- either before or after or the
- 7 structure of the loan of AIG, so I don't -- this was not
- 8 my understanding, but honestly, I was not familiar with
- 9 all the details.
- 10 Q. The next sentence says, "Fear of getting
- 11 whipped" -- or "wiped" maybe that's supposed to be --
- 12 "out by a government intervention is one reason I have
- 13 heard from some of my equity market contacts as to why
- 14 the capital markets are slow to invest new funds into
- 15 financial firms."
- 16 Do you see that?
- 17 A. I do.
- 18 Q. And did you ever have any discussions with
- 19 Mr. Selig or anyone else about that assertion?
- 20 A. I received that piece of market intelligence from
- 21 him. I don't recall whether we had a subsequent
- 22 discussion.
- 23 Q. Did you have a discussion about that subject with
- 24 anyone else other than Mr. Selig?
- 25 A. I remember it being raised by one other analyst.

- 1 There are possibly more. My memory of that period is
- 2 pretty hazy. It was a long time ago.
- Q. Who was that other analyst, if you recall the
- 4 name?
- 5 A. I believe you had one of his e-mails earlier in
- 6 the documents.
- 7 Q. Do you remember who that was?
- 8 A. I do not remember which analyst it was that
- 9 brought it.
- 10 Q. Let me ask you to look at Plaintiffs' Trial
- 11 Exhibit 138, which includes an e-mail from
- 12 Mr. Scott Sherman, and I would ask you if that is the
- 13 other analyst.
- 14 A. This particular e-mail is about lending, not about
- 15 equity investments. It refers to --
- 16 Q. This is not the other analyst that you had in
- 17 mind?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. Let me ask you to look at Plaintiffs' Trial
- 20 Exhibit 119 from Michael Holscher.
- 21 Is that the other analyst that you had in mind?
- 22 A. It could have been. I don't remember if it was
- 23 Michael or not, but this e-mail refers to equity
- 24 investment.
- 25 Q. Let me turn to Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 2727.

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- 1 And this is an e-mail chain that includes e-mails
- 2 from you and from Mr. Holscher; correct, sir -- correct,
- 3 ma'am?
- 4 Α. Yes, that's correct.
- 5 And did you agree with Mr. Holscher's assertion in
- 6 the last textual paragraph on this exhibit concerning
- 7 BAC's loss coupled with Citigroup's loss?
- 8 Yes. My interpretation of that last paragraph is
- 9 that both Bank of America and Citigroup's capital ratios
- were low, very low, and that they were in quite dire 10
- straits in terms of how much capital they had. And I 11
- 12 agreed with that, yes.
- 13 And he also says that the balance sheets for these
- two institutions account for roughly 40 percent of the 14
- 15 industry's assets.
- Do you see that? 16
- 17 Α. Yes.
- 18 Q. And was that also your understanding?
- 19 I actually don't know if that's factually true at
- the time or not. They were both very large. 20
- 21 Q. Now, you forwarded this e-mail on; correct?
- 22 Α. I did.
- 23 And you forwarded it on to Brian Peters. Ο.
- 24 Who is he?
- 25 A. Brian Peters at the time was a senior

- 1 vice president in bank supervision at the New York Fed.
- Q. And your first line of your e-mail says, "And
- 3 there you have it. Nationalization here we come."
- 4 Do you see that?
- 5 A. I do.
- 6 Q. And that was referring to the substance and
- 7 implications of Mr. Holscher's e-mail to you; correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 MR. BOIES: Your Honor, I would offer
- 10 Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 2727.
- 11 MS. ACEVEDO: We have no objection, Your Honor.
- 12 THE COURT: Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 2727 is
- 13 admitted.
- 14 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 2727 was admitted into
- 15 evidence.)
- 16 BY MR. BOIES:
- 17 Q. Let me turn to another subject.
- 18 In July 2008, you participated in a
- 19 Federal Reserve Bank of New York analysis or project
- 20 called the access to Fed facilities project; correct?
- 21 A. I participated in the project, yes.
- 22 Q. And who else participated in that project?
- 23 A. To the best of my recollection, it was a
- 24 combination of staff from the Federal Reserve Bank of
- 25 New York and the Board of Governors of the

- 1 Federal Reserve.
- Q. And you were asked, that is, the people
- 3 participating in this project were asked to develop a
- 4 set of criteria for large, systemically important
- 5 financial institutions who in times of crises could be
- 6 eligible for borrowing from the Federal Reserve liquidity
- 7 facilities; correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Let me ask you to look at Plaintiffs' Trial
- 10 Exhibit 31, which I would offer.
- MS. ACEVEDO: We have no objection, Your Honor.
- 12 THE COURT: Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 31 is
- 13 admitted.
- 14 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 31 was admitted into
- 15 evidence.)
- 16 BY MR. BOIES:
- 17 Q. On page 3 of this exhibit, there is an e-mail on
- 18 the subject of access to Fed facilities project.
- 19 Do you see that?
- 20 A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And to whom was this e-mail sent and by whom?
- 22 A. I sent the e-mail. It went to three staff at the
- 23 Federal Reserve Bank of New York: Lance Auer,
- 24 Beverly Hirtle and Til Schuermann.
- 25 Q. And you say: My understanding of our agreed

- 1 project plan is below. And then you state that your
- 2 understanding of the goal of the project is to develop
- 3 criteria and associated list of metrics to help define
- 4 which large financial institutions, one, are systemically
- 5 important to the U.S. financial markets and, two, would
- 6 benefit from being given access to Fed liquidity
- 7 facilities during a crisis and thus increase the
- 8 stability of the financial system.
- 9 Do you see that?
- 10 A. I do.
- 11 Q. And I take it that was in fact your understanding
- 12 of the goal of this project.
- 13 A. Yes, it was.
- 14 Q. And am I correct that you believed that the
- 15 facilities that were currently in place at the time were
- 16 both overinclusive and underinclusive in terms of
- 17 achieving this goal?
- 18 A. That was my personal view, yes.
- 19 Q. And the facilities that were in place at the time
- 20 were overinclusive in the sense that it included some
- 21 institutions, certain primary dealers, for example, that
- 22 were not systemically important to U.S. financial markets
- 23 or would not benefit from being given access to
- 24 Federal Reserve liquidity facilities; correct?
- 25 A. That was my view, yes.

- 1 Q. And the facilities currently in place were
- 2 underinclusive in that there were certain institutions
- 3 that were systemically important to the U.S. financial
- 4 markets and would benefit from being given access to Fed
- 5 liquidity facilities during a crisis and thus increase
- 6 the stability of the financial system which were not
- 7 eligible for the existing facilities; correct?
- 8 A. Actually my view was not consistent with what you
- 9 said, so I'd have to answer that literally no.
- 10 Q. Okay. Let me try to pursue that.
- 11 You believed that the primary dealer status was
- 12 neither a necessary nor a sufficient criterion for
- 13 determining systemic importance; correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 O. You believed that there were financial
- 16 institutions that were of systemic importance that would
- 17 not be classified as primary dealers; correct?
- 18 A. I believed that was possible. I didn't know it
- 19 was certain.
- 20 Q. Was part of the purpose of your project to
- 21 investigate whether or not that was so?
- 22 A. The purpose of the project was to develop criteria
- 23 that could be applied to financial institutions to
- 24 determine if they fit the two goals here.
- 25 Q. You were of the view that not all primary dealers

- were systemically important; correct?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. And did you develop criteria for determining when
- 4 institutions should be considered systemically important?
- 5 A. No.
- 6 Q. Let me ask you to look at Plaintiffs' Trial
- 7 Exhibit 23, which I would offer.
- 8 (Pause in the proceedings.)
- 9 MS. ACEVEDO: Oh, I'm sorry, Your Honor. We have
- 10 no objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 23 is
- 12 admitted.
- 13 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 23 was admitted into
- 14 evidence.)
- 15 BY MR. BOIES:
- Q. Can you identify what this document is?
- 17 A. Yes. It's a series of e-mail and attachments
- 18 related to the -- to criteria for systemically important
- 19 financial institutions.
- Q. And on page 11 of this exhibit you have a section
- 21 entitled Next Steps.
- Do you see that?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And the fourth and last next step is: Apply
- 25 criteria to identify other, non-PD financial institutions

- 1 that are systemically important, e.g., Fannie, Freddie,
- 2 AIG, perhaps Citadel?
- 3 Do you see that?
- 4 A. I do.
- 5 Q. And when you referred to non-PD financial
- 6 institutions, you were referring there to non-primary
- 7 dealer financial institutions; correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. In early March of 2008, domestic funding markets
- 10 began to be disrupted and began to dry up; correct?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. And the market distress accelerated in the July to
- 13 September period; correct?
- 14 A. The distress abated somewhat until July and then
- 15 began again. Yes.
- 16 Q. And the most distress was after the bankruptcy of
- 17 Lehman Brothers; correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And at that time very large numbers of financial
- 20 institutions basically had severe problems borrowing
- 21 dollars; correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. Let me ask you to look at Plaintiffs' Trial
- 24 Exhibit 41, which I would offer.
- MS. ACEVEDO: We have no objection, Your Honor.

- 1 THE COURT: All right. Plaintiffs' Trial
- 2 Exhibit 41 is admitted.
- 3 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 41 was admitted into
- 4 evidence.)
- 5 BY MR. BOIES:
- 6 Q. Can you identify what this document is?
- 7 A. Yes. It's an e-mail from one of the managers in
- 8 the markets group, Hayley Boesky.
- 9 Q. And you are one of the addressees; correct?
- 10 A. Yes, I am.
- 11 Q. And can you identify for the record who the other
- 12 addressees are and what their position was.
- A. Well, there's a series of e-mails here. If you're
- 14 referring on page 1, that e-mail list?
- 15 Q. Yes. The September 11, 2008 at 11:58 p.m. e-mail,
- 16 the subject of which is Panic.
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 The other recipients are Brian Peters,
- 19 Debby Perelmuter, James Clark, Matthew Lieber,
- 20 Matt Rutherford, Meg McConnell, Michael Nelson,
- 21 Michael Schetzel, Steven Friedman and William Dudley.
- 22 Q. Other than Ms. McConnell, Mr. Dudley and yourself,
- 23 who have already been identified, could you identify the
- 24 positions of the other people.
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Brian Peters was a senior vice president in the
- 2 bank supervision group.
- 3 Debby Perelmuter was a senior vice president in
- 4 the markets group.
- James Clark was a midlevel analyst in the markets
- 6 group.
- 7 Matthew Lieber was a staff director in the markets
- 8 group.
- 9 Matt Rutherford was an employee in domestic
- 10 finance at U.S. Treasury. I believe at that point he was
- 11 on detail from the New York Fed.
- 12 Michael Nelson is an attorney in the legal group
- 13 at the New York Fed.
- 14 Michael Schetzel was a vice president in the
- 15 markets group.
- 16 Steven Friedman was a vice president in the
- 17 markets group.
- Q. And what did you do after receiving this e-mail,
- 19 if anything?
- 20 A. I don't remember if I did anything in particular
- 21 after receiving this e-mail.
- Q. At the top of the second page of the exhibit,
- 23 Mr. Boesky writes, "I have spent the past three hours
- 24 receiving calls from HFs."
- 25 And those are hedge funds; correct?

- 1 A. It does.
- Q. And it says, "On a scale of 1 to 10, where 10 is
- 3 Bear-Stearns-week-panic, I would put sentiment today at a
- 4 12. People are expecting full-blown recession."
- 5 Do you see that?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. And was that your experience as of September 11 in
- 8 terms of the information you were receiving other than
- 9 what you received from Mr. Boesky?
- 10 A. This was particularly negative, but the level of
- 11 concern was exceptionally high on the 11th of September,
- 12 yes.
- 13 Q. The level of concern throughout the financial
- 14 markets; is that correct?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Let me ask you to look next at Plaintiffs'
- 17 Exhibit 73, which I would offer.
- 18 MS. ACEVEDO: We have no objection Your Honor.
- 19 THE COURT: Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 73 is
- 20 admitted.
- 21 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 73 was admitted into
- 22 evidence.)
- BY MR. BOIES:
- Q. And this is at the top is another e-mail from
- 25 Mr. Boesky, dated September 16, 2008 at 7:33 Eastern

- 1 Daylight Time. And it begins, "Head of Citi FX just
- 2 called to tell me that unsecured funding market is shut
- 3 down. Major banks have stopped giving quotes to each
- 4 other. And some have stopped picking up their phones."
- 5 Do you see that?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. And "FX" stands for what?
- 8 A. Foreign exchange.
- 9 Q. And was what Mr. Boesky reports here consistent
- 10 with what your information was as of September 16, 2008?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. And you have said that there was what you referred
- 13 to as contagion in funding markets; correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And can you explain what you mean by "contagion."
- 16 A. After the bankruptcy of Lehman Brothers and at the
- 17 worst moments of the funding part of the financial
- 18 crisis, financial institutions were not -- were refusing
- 19 to lend to one another, in some cases because they were
- 20 concerned about the direct financial health of the firm
- 21 that they were lending to, in some cases because they
- 22 were concerned that no one else was lending to each
- 23 other, so why should I lend because I might not get it
- 24 back. Therefore, there was a sort of round-robin going
- 25 on.

- 1 Among some counterparties there were also fire
- 2 sales going on, which meaning that assets -- some firms
- 3 were selling assets or attempting to sell assets, which
- 4 lowered their prices, which then led to even bigger
- 5 concerns about their asset quality and a concern on the
- 6 part of their lending counterparties that they
- 7 effectively didn't want to lend for that reason as well.
- Q. And did this result in a broad group of firms not
- 9 being able to fund themselves because of the pullback in
- 10 liquidity?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. Let me ask you to look next at Plaintiffs' Trial
- 13 Exhibit 42, which I would offer.
- MS. ACEVEDO: We have no objection, Your Honor.
- 15 THE COURT: All right. Plaintiffs' Trial
- 16 Exhibit 42 is admitted.
- 17 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 42 was admitted into
- 18 evidence.)
- 19 BY MR. BOIES:
- Q. And can you identify for the Court what this
- 21 document is.
- 22 A. This is an e-mail that I sent in the late
- 23 afternoon of September 12, 2008.
- Q. And did this follow a meeting that you and others
- 25 had with representatives of AIG?

- 1 A. Yes, it did.
- Q. And you had been asked by your boss, Bill Dudley,
- 3 to attend this meeting; correct?
- 4 A. Yes, I had.
- 5 Q. And you were now reporting on results of that
- 6 meeting; correct?
- 7 A. Yes, correct.
- 8 Q. And if I can ask you to go down to the third or,
- 9 depending on how you count, fourth paragraph from the
- 10 bottom that begins "Some banks."
- 11 Do you see that?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. It says, "Some banks are already pulling away,"
- 14 and what you meant there were some banks were already
- 15 pulling away from AIG; correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. And you say "some banks are even turning down AIG
- in the secured (repo) borrowing markets."
- 19 Do you see that?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. And that was your understanding at the time;
- 22 correct?
- 23 A. That was what the firm told us, the
- 24 representatives of the firm told us. Yes.
- 25 Q. And did you have any reason to doubt that?

- 1 A. No, I did not.
- Q. At the very end of your e-mail, before you come to
- 3 what is referred to as AIG meeting notes, that is at the
- 4 bottom of page 2 of the exhibit?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. You write, "They" -- and you're referring there to
- 7 AIG; correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. You say: AIG is very willing to open their books
- 10 to us and give us better sense of their risk profile, the
- 11 complexity of their book and detailed liquidity profile
- 12 as soon as possible (i.e., this weekend).
- Do you see that?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And did AIG in fact open their books to you to
- 16 allow you to get a better sense of their risk profile,
- 17 complexity of their book and detailed liquidity profile?
- 18 A. They did indeed open their books to a number of
- 19 staff from the New York Fed. Yes.
- 20 Q. And did any of those staff individually or in
- 21 combination prepare any analysis of what they believed
- 22 the value of AIG's assets were, if you know?
- 23 A. To the best of my recollection, analysis of the
- 24 solvency of several subsidiaries of AIG was done, yes. I
- 25 can't say that they did the entire company. I don't

- 1 remember.
- Q. Who did the solvency of the particular
- 3 subsidiaries?
- 4 A. It was a team of analysts from the bank
- 5 supervision area of the New York Fed. I believe the work
- 6 was coordinated by Chris Calabia.
- 7 Q. And do you know what that group concluded?
- 8 A. To the best of my recollection, my memory of
- 9 their analysis was that the property and casualty
- 10 subsidiaries, insurance subsidiaries of AIG, had a
- 11 significant amount of excess capital -- although I don't
- 12 believe the total dollars were particularly large, but
- 13 the excess was large relative to the size of the
- 14 companies -- and that there was sufficient capital at the
- 15 insurance companies but perhaps -- but there were
- 16 questions about the valuation of the assets held by a
- 17 number of the life insurance companies and there was a
- 18 question about whether their quality was -- was that high
- 19 or was high enough.
- They were highly illiquid assets in many cases,
- 21 and there were doubts about what the value of those
- 22 assets were actually worth.
- 23 My recollection of the bottom line was that the
- 24 insurance companies, insurance subsidiaries, were
- 25 considered solvent.

- 1 Q. Now, you say there were some questions about the
- 2 valuations of certain assets.
- Were those questions ever answered insofar as you
- 4 know?
- 5 A. I don't remember.
- 6 Q. Do you know who had the responsibility of trying
- 7 to determine the answer to those questions?
- 8 A. Ultimately, no, I do not.
- 9 Q. Let me ask you to look at Plaintiffs' Trial
- 10 Exhibit 44, which I would offer.
- MS. ACEVEDO: We have no objection, Your Honor.
- 12 THE COURT: Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 44 is
- 13 admitted.
- 14 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 44 was admitted into
- 15 evidence.)
- 16 BY MR. BOIES:
- Q. Can you identify for the Court what this document
- 18 is, please.
- 19 A. It appears to be an e-mail about a meeting with
- 20 the Office of Thrift Supervision. Based on the date, it
- 21 appears to have happened in August 2008.
- Q. And this is an e-mail to you; correct?
- 23 A. It was forwarded to me.
- 24 Q. Yes.
- There is an e-mail that is written on August 14,

- 1 2008, and then that is forwarded to you on September 12,
- 2 2008 at 4:03 p.m.; correct?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. And you understood that this was being forwarded
- 5 to you as part of your ongoing responsibilities to look
- 6 at AIG; correct?
- 7 A. Actually I don't remember receiving this e-mail,
- 8 perhaps because it came while I was in the meeting with
- 9 AIG.
- 10 Q. Did you see this e-mail after you got out of the
- 11 meeting with AIG?
- 12 A. I presume I did, but I don't remember it.
- Q. Let me ask you to go back to Plaintiffs' Trial
- 14 Exhibit 42 on page 2.
- 15 And in the next to last paragraph, the next to
- 16 last sentence in that paragraph says that one of the
- 17 challenges AIG is already facing is very aggressive
- 18 marks from counterparties and strategic unwinding of
- 19 "in the money" positions.
- 20 Do you see that?
- 21 A. Yes, I do.
- 22 Q. And it says "this will likely accelerate in coming
- 23 days adding to the cash drain."
- 24 Do you see that?
- 25 A. Yes.

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- 1 What did you mean by the reference to very
- 2 aggressive marks from counterparties?
- 3 The first part of this paragraph describes the
- 4 large size and complexity of AIG's derivatives book,
- 5 meaning that it was largely quite illiquid derivatives
- 6 positions, and each day counterparties, in order to mark
- 7 those positions, have to agree on a mark unless -- if
- there's not a price in the marketplace. Therefore, very 8
- 9 aggressive marks from their counterparties were
- counterparties marking down their positions in -- not in 10
- AIG's favor. 11
- That's my -- what I meant by that. 12
- 13 Who were some of these counterparties, as you
- understood it at the time? 14
- 15 At the time of this e-mail, I did not know their
- 16 counterparties, but they told us verbally that they were
- the large -- many of the largest U.S. bank holding 17
- 18 companies and European banks.
- 19 Q. And did that include large United States
- 20 investment banks as well?
- 21 Yes. They would have included the large -- the
- 22 large U.S. dealers as well. Yes.
- And to go back to when you said "very aggressive 23
- marks from counterparties," the fact was that most of 24
- 25 these assets did not have, at least at this point in

- 1 time, a liquid market. That is, there were not
- 2 transactions in them that you could look to get a price
- 3 from; correct?
- 4 A. That's correct.
- 5 Q. And so it was left up to the subjective positions
- 6 of the two parties as to how they would mark the "market"
- 7 price; correct?
- 8 A. Yes. That's what AIG told us.
- 9 Q. And that's also what you understood from your own
- 10 analysis.
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. Now, at the end of the day on September 12, which
- 13 was a Friday, you sent Mr. Geithner an e-mail saying that
- 14 AIG, in your view, was facing serious liquidity issues
- 15 that threatened its survival; correct?
- 16 A. Yes. That's this e-mail.
- 17 Q. Now, on Saturday and Sunday, September 13 and 14,
- 18 among other things, you met several times with
- 19 Eric Dinallo, the superintendent of the New York State
- 20 Insurance Department; correct?
- 21 A. I spoke with him on the telephone.
- 22 Q. You spoke with him on the telephone more than
- 23 once; correct?
- A. To the best of my recollection, it was twice.
- 25 Q. And you talked about the financial health and

- 1 capitalization of the AIG insurance subsidiaries;
- 2 correct?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. And Mr. Dinallo described the property and
- 5 casualty companies in New York and in Pennsylvania, that
- 6 is, the property and casualty insurance subsidiaries of
- 7 AIG in New York and Pennsylvania, as having very large
- 8 capital cushions; correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 MS. ACEVEDO: Objection, Your Honor. That calls
- 11 for hearsay.
- 12 THE COURT: Mr. Boies?
- MR. BOIES: It is hearsay, Your Honor. But
- 14 the -- I think the purpose of the offer is for the state
- 15 of mind of the New York Fed.
- 16 I also think that because of the position that
- 17 Mr. Dinallo had and his relationship to the New York Fed,
- 18 this would be admissible under 807 because it has the
- 19 attributes of reliability. There's no reason to believe
- 20 that Mr. Dinallo is not providing full and accurate
- 21 information in this governmental context.
- 22 THE COURT: I'm going to sustain the objection.
- MS. ACEVEDO: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 24 BY MR. BOIES:
- 25 Q. Did you believe, based on your conversations with

- 1 Mr. Dinallo -- and I'm simply now asking for your
- 2 belief -- that the AIG property and casualty companies in
- 3 New York and Pennsylvania had very large capital
- 4 cushions?
- 5 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, we're going to object on
- 6 the grounds that it lacks foundation.
- 7 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 8 THE WITNESS: Mr. Dinallo's statement combined
- 9 with later analysis would -- I believed it at that point.
- 10 I have a hard time remembering my beliefs between those
- 11 two items.
- 12 BY MR. BOIES:
- 13 Q. Let me put it this way.
- 14 Did there come a time, based on all the
- 15 information that you had available to you, including what
- 16 Mr. Dinallo may have said to you, that you reached that
- 17 conclusion?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Let me ask you just to very quickly look at
- 20 Joint Exhibit 49, which is already in evidence. And I
- 21 do really just have one small question to ask you about
- 22 it.
- 23 The joint exhibits are at the very beginning of
- 24 the binder.
- 25 And I want to direct your attention to the next to

- 1 last line on the first page, the sentence that says "AIG
- 2 believes the offer," referring to a private sector offer,
- 3 "is not realistic -- both from an equity" -- and it says
- 4 "delusion," but am I correct that that should be
- 5 "dilution standpoint"?
- 6 A. Yes, it should be.
- 7 Sleep deprivation.
- 8 Q. Let me ask you next to look at Plaintiffs' Trial
- 9 Exhibit 1546, which I would offer.
- MS. ACEVEDO: We have no objection, Your Honor.
- 11 THE COURT: Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 1546 is
- 12 admitted.
- 13 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Number 1546 was admitted into
- 14 evidence.)
- 15 BY MR. BOIES:
- 16 Q. Could you explain to the Court what this exhibit
- 17 is.
- 18 A. Yes. This is an e-mail exchange between myself
- 19 and Jamie McAndrews of the New York Fed. The top e-mail
- 20 is. Below it is a bigger e-mail that Jamie McAndrews
- 21 sent to a group of individuals about AIG.
- 22 Q. And one of the things that you were looking at at
- 23 this time, which is September 14, 2008, is whether AIG
- 24 could find other credit accommodations because the
- 25 inability to find other credit accommodations was an

- 1 issue or was a predicate to a 13(3) credit facility;
- 2 correct?
- 3 A. Yes. That's what Jamie has written here.
- 4 Q. And that's what you understood at the time;
- 5 correct?
- 6 A. Jamie believed it was the most important issue for
- 7 a 13(3) determination. Yes.
- 8 Q. Let me go back to Joint Exhibit 48 just for a
- 9 moment.
- 10 This is an e-mail attaching pros and cons of
- 11 lending to AIG.
- 12 At the time of this e-mail, which was
- 13 September 14, 2002 -- 2008, did this list of pros and
- 14 cons represent your group's current state of thought
- 15 concerning the pros and cons of lending to AIG?
- 16 A. Yes. This is an accumulated list of pros and cons
- 17 from several work streams related to different aspects of
- 18 AIG over the course of the previous it looks like two
- 19 days. I don't know if it includes everything, but it
- 20 includes input from a number of different analytical work
- 21 groups.
- 22 Q. When you were here the other day, I think that we
- 23 talked about credit that was extended to central banks
- 24 outside of the United States. Do you recall that
- 25 generally?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. That credit that was extended to central banks
- 3 outside of the United States was not extended pursuant to
- 4 13(3); correct?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. You worked on a draft report on systemic risk and
- 7 bank supervision; correct?
- 8 A. That -- I don't know how to answer that because
- 9 I -- that particular title doesn't -- doesn't jog my
- 10 memory.
- 11 Q. Let me -- let me ask you to look at Plaintiffs'
- 12 Trial Exhibit 2742, the first page of which is headed
- 13 Report on Systemic Risk and Bank Supervision, and in the
- 14 upper left-hand corner it says "Draft September 10,
- 15 2009."
- 16 Do you see that?
- 17 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, I'm going to object.
- 18 This is improper to refresh recollection. This is not an
- 19 exhibit, and he's eliciting testimony on something that
- 20 is not -- has not been identified as an exhibit.
- THE COURT: Mr. Boies?
- 22 MR. BOIES: I asked her whether she had
- 23 contributed to a draft report on systemic risk and bank
- 24 supervision. She said she didn't recall. I'm now trying
- 25 to put this in front of her and see whether this will

- 1 enable her to recall.
- 2 MS. ACEVEDO: He can hand it to her and ask her if
- 3 she wants to look at it and it refreshes her
- 4 recollection, but publishing information about the
- 5 document and eliciting testimony on it is improper.
- 6 That's not proper to refresh recollection.
- 7 THE COURT: Thus far, I'll overrule the
- 8 objection.
- 9 MS. ACEVEDO: Thank you.
- 10 THE WITNESS: I contributed to one portion of this
- 11 report. Yes.
- 12 BY MR. BOIES:
- Q. And during what period of time did you work on
- 14 this project?
- 15 A. To the best of my recollection, it was during the
- 16 summer of 2009.
- 17 Q. And who else participated in this project?
- 18 A. I didn't remember until I looked at the first
- 19 page, the names of individuals, but it's in the first
- 20 paragraph of the report.
- 21 Q. And having looked at the second page of the
- 22 exhibit, the first page of the actual report or draft
- 23 report, did that refresh your recollection as to who
- 24 participated in this project?
- 25 A. Yes. I contributed to one portion of this report,

- 1 yes.
- Q. And then who else contributed to this report? And
- 3 could you give me the titles as well.
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Beverly Hirtle, senior vice president in research
- 6 at the New York Fed.
- 7 Meg McConnell, senior vice president at the
- 8 New York Fed.
- 9 Myself.
- 10 Marc Saidenberg, who was a senior vice president
- 11 in bank supervision.
- 12 Michael Silva, who was a senior vice president at
- 13 the New York Fed.
- 14 Kevin Stiroh, at the time a senior vice president
- 15 at the New York Fed.
- 16 Til Schuermann, also a senior vice president at
- 17 the New York Fed in supervision.
- 18 And Ronald Stroz, who I believe was a
- 19 vice president in bank supervision at the New York Fed.
- Q. Now, you said that you contributed to one part of
- 21 this report; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 Q. What was the part to which you contributed?
- A. Starting on the bottom of page 13 of the exhibit,
- 25 the section on FRC/FSO. And on page 15, financial

- 1 stability as a mission.
- Q. And with respect to the section that begins at
- 3 page 13 under the heading Lesson Learned: FRC/FSO
- 4 Process, where does the section to which you were
- 5 contributing end?
- 6 A. It ends at the top of the next page, at the top
- 7 of page 14. It ends after the first paragraph on
- 8 page 14.
- 9 Q. And then the section to which you contributed
- 10 that begins at the top of page 15, when does that
- 11 section end?
- 12 A. To the best of my recollection, at the top of
- 13 page 16.
- Q. Did you receive a copy of this draft either in
- 15 August or September of 2009, a copy of the entire draft?
- 16 A. I don't remember.
- 17 Q. Let me ask you to look at page 3 at the bottom,
- 18 the paragraph that's number 1, which I'd ask you to read
- 19 to yourself. That's the paragraph under the heading
- 20 Some Basic Assumptions Are Wrong.
- 21 Do you see that?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. And would you read that to yourself and then when
- 24 you're finished let me know.
- 25 (Pause in the proceedings.)

- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you agree with that statement there?
- 3 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, I'm going to object.
- 4 This is not an exhibit and he shouldn't be eliciting
- 5 testimony on this, whether or not she agrees with it.
- 6 That's something she -- she did not identify as something
- 7 that she contributed to or had any part in. This is
- 8 absolutely hearsay.
- 9 THE COURT: Mr. Boies, is this exhibit not on your
- 10 exhibit list?
- 11 MR. BOIES: It is not, Your Honor, because we
- 12 identified it late. But I'm not -- and I'm not for that
- 13 reason reading the portion in or publishing it, even
- 14 though I think in a bench trial that wouldn't necessarily
- 15 be inappropriate. But I am not actually publishing it.
- 16 I'm asking the witness her views on it.
- 17 THE COURT: I'm going to sustain the objection.
- MS. ACEVEDO: Thank you.
- 19 MR. BOIES: May I -- let me just ask a question.
- 20 Would it be permissible for me to ask her whether
- 21 she is aware of anybody making the assertion that is
- 22 here?
- 23 In other words, I -- I need -- I want to ask it in
- 24 an appropriate way, and it seems to me there are two
- 25 appropriate ways, and I'm not sure which one would be

- 1 best, you know, suited for what the Court thinks is
- 2 appropriate. I can either ask her this in words, but
- 3 that has the effect of me simply paraphrasing something
- 4 that's in the document, or I can ask her without
- 5 revealing the words whether this is something that she
- 6 remembers anybody telling her. It seems to me I'm
- 7 entitled to ask it one of those two ways.
- 8 THE COURT: It's my view that you can ask a
- 9 question on this subject. It's just that we don't want
- 10 to refer to the exhibit because it's not admissible.
- 11 MR. BOIES: Let me approach it that way.
- 12 BY MR. BOIES:
- Q. Did anyone tell you during 2008 or 2009, anyone
- 14 within the Federal Reserve or Treasury system that you
- 15 were -- in which you were working, that they believed
- 16 that banks' internal risk management and control
- 17 functions were often ineffective in the run-up to the
- 18 crisis and were usually trumped by the pressure to do
- 19 profitable business? Did they say that to you or anyone
- 20 say that to you in words or in substance?
- 21 A. I don't remember anyone putting it exactly that
- 22 way. I remember a concern being expressed about the
- 23 effectiveness of risk management.
- Q. What was the concern that you remember being
- 25 expressed about the effectiveness of risk management?

- 1 A. Whether their risk management was adequate for
- 2 truly large events such as the financial crisis.
- 3 Q. And who expressed that concern?
- 4 A. I don't remember.
- 5 Q. Do you remember anything in more detail about the
- 6 concern that was expressed other than a concern that
- 7 banks' risk management was not adequate for truly large
- 8 events such as the financial crisis?
- 9 A. It might have been. I don't remember.
- 10 Q. Did I ask you previously whether you recalled
- 11 receiving a copy of this?
- 12 A. You did.
- Q. And what -- could you remind me of what your
- 14 answer was.
- 15 A. I said I didn't remember.
- 16 Q. Okay. Do you remember during 2008 and 2009 people
- 17 with whom you were working expressing the view that
- 18 although there was a common expectation that market
- 19 forces would efficiently price risks and prompt banks to
- 20 control exposures in a more effective way than
- 21 regulators, in reality, markets did not control risk
- 22 until too late in the cycle?
- 23 A. That was a long question. Would you mind
- 24 repeating it.
- 25 Q. Sure.

- 1 Is it fair to say that there was a view prior to
- 2 the financial crisis that market forces would efficiently
- 3 price risks and prompt banks to control exposures in a
- 4 more effective way than regulators would?
- 5 A. I certainly had that view expressed to me. Yes.
- 6 Q. And is it the case that during and after the
- 7 financial crisis, the view was expressed within the
- 8 Federal Reserve that in reality, markets did not control
- 9 risk until it was too late in the cycle?
- 10 A. I had some express that view to me before the
- 11 crisis, but yes, it was certainly expressed during the
- 12 crisis.
- Q. Who had expressed that view before the crisis?
- 14 A. I don't remember names. I remember it being
- 15 topics of conversation.
- 16 Q. Is it fair to say that it became a much more
- 17 serious concern during the financial crisis?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Were there also people within the Federal Reserve
- 20 that concluded that bank supervisors set too high a bar
- 21 for recommending behavioral changes at banks?
- 22 A. That, I don't know about.
- Q. Did people, during and after the financial crisis,
- 24 at the Federal Reserve express the view that bank
- 25 supervisors paid excessive deference to banks and as a

- 1 result were less aggressive in finding issues or
- 2 following up on them as they should be?
- 3 A. That's a point made in this report, so I assume
- 4 so, yes.
- 5 MR. BOIES: May I have just a moment, Your Honor?
- 6 THE COURT: Sure.
- 7 (Pause in the proceedings.)
- 8 MR. BOIES: I pass the witness, Your Honor.
- 9 THE COURT: All right. Before we go to the next
- 10 round of questioning on cross here, why don't we take an
- 11 afternoon break. We'll reconvene at 3:25.
- 12 (Court in recess.)
- 13 THE COURT: All right. Please go ahead.
- MS. ACEVEDO: Thank you.
- 15 - -
- 16 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 17 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 18 O. Good afternoon, Ms. Mosser.
- 19 A. Good afternoon.
- Q. Now, Mr. Boies asked you about some emergency
- 21 lending programs earlier?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. And in particular, the PDCF and the TSLF?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. To whom did those emergency programs lend?

- 1 A. To the primary dealers.
- Q. Okay. And why were primary dealers beneficiaries
- 3 of emergency lending?
- 4 A. There were two reasons. Both facilities were
- 5 created just prior to the demise of Bear Stearns, a point
- 6 at which funding markets were in considerable turmoil and
- 7 there was a pulling back of willingness to lend across
- 8 financial institutions.
- 9 The primary dealers were chosen as a group to
- 10 par- -- to be eligible to participate in these two
- 11 facilities first because they were set up on very short
- 12 notice, the PDCF in fact in a matter of a couple of
- 13 days; and therefore, the infrastructure, the legal
- 14 agreements, all of the plumbing, if you like, to do
- 15 lending existed for those primary dealer counterparties
- 16 of the markets group of the New York Fed already, and
- 17 given the speed with which they were set up, we needed to
- 18 use the pipes and the legal agreements that we had in
- 19 place.
- The second reason they were chosen is because, as
- 21 a class, the primary dealers sit at the core of the
- 22 financial system. Most of them are very large global
- 23 financial intermediaries. And therefore, if the point of
- 24 lending through these facilities was to stabilize
- 25 financial markets, particularly funding markets, the

- 1 primary dealers as a group were a good mechanism and a
- 2 good way to get that liquidity out to the financial
- 3 system.
- 4 Q. Thank you.
- 5 And after the emergency lifted -- you mentioned
- 6 the Bear Stearns crisis, for example -- did there come a
- 7 time when the New York Fed considered the possibility of
- 8 expanding its emergency lending programs to include
- 9 institutions other than primary dealers?
- 10 A. The New York Fed considered -- I don't think
- 11 "expanding" is the correct word, but considering
- 12 criteria, different criteria other than primary
- 13 dealership as a way to -- as a place to focus emergency
- 14 lending.
- 15 Q. And what was your role, if any, in that effort?
- 16 A. I was part of a small group that developed a
- 17 framework, a project plan, a recommendation I believe,
- 18 that included a recommendation, to do a more systematic
- 19 development of criteria and metrics in order to identify
- 20 financially -- systemically important financial
- 21 institutions and those that had runnable liabilities,
- 22 therefore, who, if the Fed lent to them, were likely to
- 23 transmit that additional liquidity to the rest of the
- 24 financial system.
- 25 O. You mentioned a recommendation.

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- 1 Can I have you turn to PTX 23 in your binder.
- 2 should be the last document.
- 3 Mr. Boies asked you some questions about this
- 4 document earlier. I wanted to -- first of all, can you
- 5 identify this document for the Court?
- 6 A. Yes. It's an e-mail chain with three attachments
- 7 having to do with access to Fed liquidity and systemic
- financial institutions. 8
- 9 Okay. And I wanted to direct your attention to
- the document that starts on page 9. 10
- What's this document? 11
- 12 This is a draft of a work plan framework developed
- 13 by staff of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and the
- Federal Reserve Board to develop criteria and metrics for 14
- 15 the topic I just talked about, identifying systemically
- 16 important financial institutions with runnable
- liabilities whom the Fed -- who could be eligible for 17
- 18 emergency -- access to emergency Fed borrowing
- 19 facilities.
- 20 Q. Let me direct you to the first sentence next to
- 21 the heading Staff Recommendation.
- 22 Do you see that?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. And there's a reference there to, if access is
- 25 expanded, it being limited to systemically important

- 1 institutions.
- 2 First of all, why does the sentence have the
- 3 qualifier if access to Federal Reserve credit facilities
- 4 is expanded?
- 5 A. Well, this is a staff recommendation. The
- 6 decision to -- whether to extend access, particularly
- 7 under 13(3), was a decision of the Board of Governors of
- 8 the Federal Reserve.
- 9 Q. Okay. And there's also a reference there in that
- 10 sentence to, if it is expanded, limiting it to
- 11 systemically important institutions.
- 12 Why did the staff make that recommendation?
- 13 A. It relates to the comment I made about primary
- 14 dealers a few moments ago.
- 15 Systemically important institutions subject to
- 16 liability runs are those that, A, are likely to have the
- 17 most impact -- their distress or failure certainly is
- 18 likely to have the most impact on the financial system.
- 19 They would -- Federal Reserve lending is likely to help
- 20 stabilize them and therefore stabilize the financial
- 21 system if their liabilities are runnable, meaning, if
- 22 it's easy for counterparties to pull back from funding
- 23 them.
- Q. And I'd like you to take a look now at the third
- 25 sentence there that begins with "Accordingly." There's a

- 1 reference there to a proposal to develop a set of
- 2 preliminary criteria.
- 3 Can you tell us what the staff is proposing here?
- 4 A. The staff is proposing to do additional work and
- 5 to form a work team to develop a set of criteria -- by
- 6 "criteria" here we meant something measurable -- for
- 7 trying to identify -- or criteria for determining
- 8 institutions that might fit the description given in the
- 9 first sentence.
- 10 Q. And let's take a look at the next sentence there
- 11 that begins with "We also believe."
- 12 There's a reference there to oversight on a
- 13 longer-term basis.
- 14 Do you see that?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Why did the staff recommend oversight on a
- 17 longer-term basis?
- 18 A. There was a very strong belief that for a
- 19 couple -- for several reasons that any firm that was
- 20 ex ante or before the fact identified as having the
- 21 potential to have access to Federal Reserve facilities
- 22 needed also to be subject to oversight by the
- 23 Federal Reserve. This is for a couple of reasons.
- 24 First, the Federal Reserve in lending -- in doing
- 25 lender of last resort is always very concerned that they

- 1 are lending to solvent institutions. And in addition,
- 2 they -- and that understanding the solvency on an ongoing
- 3 basis of financial institutions requires oversight,
- 4 supervision and regulation of some sort.
- 5 O. And before we leave this section, I wanted to ask
- 6 about the next sentence, which begins "At this stage."
- 7 There's a reference there to elements upon which
- 8 these criteria could be based.
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Do you see that?
- 11 A. I do.
- 12 Q. Why did the staff identify those elements as
- informing criteria for Fed lending access?
- 14 A. These are criteria basically to define systemic
- 15 importance as well as whether liabilities are runnable,
- 16 so it's basically a -- it's criteria that will help
- 17 define systemically important institutions, and we have
- 18 four of them.
- 19 Q. Okay. I want to focus your attention now on the
- 20 next page, page 10 of the document, and in particular to
- 21 the heading Issues and Questions.
- Now, there's a lot of information there, and
- 23 without reviewing all of that information, can you tell
- 24 the Court what you're trying to convey here.
- 25 A. The issues and questions related to some of the

- 1 complications that staff believed would arise during --
- 2 in doing the analysis that we were proposing. Some of
- 3 them were -- some of this was additional background
- 4 information about bank holding companies, which -- for
- 5 which there were certain criteria that were already in
- 6 use by bank supervision. There were several legal
- 7 complications.
- 8 In addition, there were complications around moral
- 9 hazard, in other words, if it was known that certain
- 10 institutions in an emergency would have access to Fed
- 11 liquidity, would those institutions have more lax risk
- 12 management, et cetera, knowing that they would have
- 13 access to liquidity in a crisis.
- 14 So they're basically a set of complications that
- 15 need to be taken into account.
- 16 Q. And did you have a sense for the time frame
- 17 pursuant to which it would take to resolve these issues
- 18 and questions?
- 19 A. Some of the issues and questions here were policy
- 20 decisions that only policymakers could determine, and
- 21 staff would not have control over when policymakers
- 22 decided to do that.
- 23 Some of them were more analytical and data
- 24 questions. They were things that would have been
- 25 potentially done over the course of several quarters.

- 1 My estimate is that this kind of work would have
- 2 taken -- just the analysis alone and the internal staff
- 3 discussions would have taken I would have guessed the
- 4 better part of a year.
- 5 Q. Okay. And looking now at the section that
- 6 Mr. Boies asked you about, Next Steps, the first bullet
- 7 point there says, "Refine criteria and develop metrics."
- 8 Can you just elaborate on what that would entail
- 9 at the time frame pursuant to which that would be done?
- 10 A. Right. The first point was basically would --
- 11 what was needed to take that next step, would have been
- 12 putting together analytical teams, gathering data on
- 13 financial institutions, both banking institutions
- 14 that -- as well as nonbanking institutions, and
- 15 considering effectively what previous studies on the four
- 16 criteria we mentioned earlier were, and trying to
- 17 actually measure them directly as opposed to just state
- 18 them in words.
- 19 That work would have taken, my best guess, several
- 20 months.
- 21 Q. Okay. And if you could -- if I can just direct
- 22 your attention to the heading on the top left-hand corner
- 23 of the document that says "DRAFT" in all capital
- 24 letters.
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Did this memorandum ever involve -- ever evolve
- 2 into a form other than draft, to your knowledge?
- 3 A. Not to my knowledge, no.
- Q. And do you know who, if anybody, reviewed this
- 5 document?
- 6 A. To the best of my recollection, several senior
- 7 staff at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York reviewed
- 8 it, and some additional senior staff at the
- 9 Board of Governors I believe reviewed it.
- 10 Q. And did the group ever identify a set of
- 11 preliminary criteria for developing which financial
- 12 institutions should be given access to Fed borrowing
- 13 facilities?
- 14 A. They did not.
- Q. And why not?
- 16 A. Starting in August of 2008, the financial crisis
- 17 reaccelerated and this project had to be dropped. People
- 18 were too busy doing other things.
- MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, may I have permission to
- 20 approach?
- 21 THE COURT: Sure.
- BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 23 Q. Actually before I do that, let me ask some
- 24 foundational questions.
- 25 Did you yourself ever draft your own list

- 1 identifying institutions who you thought should
- 2 potentially be considered for access to lending?
- 3 A. We did some brainstorming on that topic as I
- 4 recollect. Yes.
- 5 Q. Okay. I'm going to hand to you what's been marked
- 6 as PTX 30. If you could just take a look at that for a
- 7 second.
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Oh, I'm sorry.
- 10 (Pause in the proceedings.)
- Okay. Ms. Mosser, you see there on the first page
- 12 of the document there's an e-mail from you attaching a
- 13 list, and if you look on the second page of the document,
- 14 there's a list there with your name on the upper
- 15 right-hand corner.
- 16 Do you see that?
- 17 A. Yes, I do.
- 18 Q. Can you tell the Court what's shown here.
- 19 A. This is the brainstorming list that I mentioned a
- 20 minute ago. This happens to be the list that I put
- 21 together.
- 22 Q. And you say it's a brainstorming list. Why do you
- 23 say that?
- A. In order to begin the analytical work that we
- 25 were speaking about a minute ago, it was helpful to get

- 1 a range of views of -- from about whom we might want to
- 2 get data to analyze, both firms that a group of staff
- 3 felt in their personal views were systemically important
- 4 and a group that might be. And that's what these lists
- 5 were for.
- 6 Q. Okay. And if you look at the "Maybe" with several
- 7 question marks there, under the heading Maybe, do you see
- 8 that?
- 9 A. I do.
- 10 O. AIG is listed there.
- 11 Was there a determination that AIG was systemic at
- 12 this point?
- 13 A. No.
- 14 Q. Okay. I want to switch gears and talk about --
- 15 THE COURT: Hold on one second.
- MS. ACEVEDO: Sure.
- 17 THE COURT: Dr. Mosser, in understanding this list
- 18 that counsel just asked you about, what category does the
- 19 word "maybe" apply to? Does it mean those above "maybe"
- 20 or below?
- THE WITNESS: Below.
- THE COURT: Below.
- THE WITNESS: The list below are maybes.
- 24 THE COURT: And the ones above are what?
- 25 THE WITNESS: Those in my personal opinion are I

- 1 believe -- I believed would fit the criteria of
- 2 systemically important.
- 3 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
- 4 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 5 Q. And let me just ask a follow-up question. You
- 6 said you believed would fit the criteria.
- 7 Had any determination been made at this point as
- 8 to who was systemically important?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. Okay. I want to switch gears now and talk about
- 11 AIG.
- 12 And Mr. Boies asked you about a meeting on
- 13 September 12. Do you recall that?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Okay. Was that your first involvement with AIG?
- 16 A. Yes, it was.
- 17 Q. Okay. And why don't you tell us about that
- 18 meeting.
- 19 I'm sorry. Before we get there, let me ask, did
- 20 you have an understanding as to why you were asked to
- 21 attend the meeting as opposed to somebody else?
- A. Yes. My boss at the time, Bill Dudley, informed
- 23 me earlier in the day that AIG wished to come in and
- 24 discuss plans to become a primary dealer. Primary
- 25 dealers, because I was a senior manager at the open

- 1 market desk in the markets group at the New York Fed, we
- 2 regularly met with firms who expressed interest in
- 3 primary dealership, and AIG was one of the firms. We'd
- 4 actually had, after the PDCF, a number of firms come in
- 5 and discuss the potential of becoming primary dealers.
- 6 Q. You mentioned that after the PDCF was formed, you
- 7 had a number of firms come in to discuss the potential of
- 8 being primary dealers.
- 9 Of those firms that inquired about primary
- 10 dealership, how many followed through and pursued it?
- 11 A. I don't remember if it was any at all. If there
- 12 were one or two, it was a small number. I truthfully
- 13 don't remember.
- 14 Q. Okay. Now why don't you tell us about the meeting
- 15 on September 12.
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 So the meeting on September 12, senior executives
- 18 from AIG attended -- to the best of my recollection,
- 19 there were five of them. The exhibit that Mr. Boies
- 20 showed me earlier had I believe listed their names -- and
- 21 was attended by myself and Jim Mahoney of bank
- 22 supervision at the New York Fed and for a few minutes at
- 23 the beginning by Bill Dudley.
- 24 The first half of the meeting was indeed a
- 25 presentation by the executives from AIG about plans to

- 1 create a broker-dealer subsidiary and expand their
- 2 fixed-income trading business in order to become a
- 3 primary dealer.
- 4 They -- their plans were going to take some
- 5 months. I don't remember exactly how far, more than six
- 6 months in any event to come to fruition.
- 7 After that discussion, they turned to us and
- 8 proceeded to -- they changed the subject -- excuse me --
- 9 and proceeded to tell us that they were expecting to be
- 10 downgraded by at least one rating agency and possibly two
- 11 over the weekend -- this was a Friday afternoon, so that
- 12 weekend -- and that as a result of that downgrade that
- 13 they would have to post a very significant amount of
- 14 collateral on some of their derivatives transactions
- 15 starting on either Monday or Tuesday, but early the
- 16 following week.
- 17 In addition to that, they noted that their
- 18 counterparties in commercial paper and even in some repo
- 19 transactions were beginning to pull back, meaning, not
- 20 reinvest in very short-term -- in their short-term
- 21 liabilities. They had already experienced some of that
- 22 that day, and they were expecting that with a downgrade
- 23 that would accelerate in the following week.
- 24 They provided us with a projection, a couple of
- 25 projections, a sheet of paper with a couple of

- 1 projections on it. One was of their daily liquidity
- 2 needs over the course of the next -- it was at least
- 3 seven days. It may have been ten. I don't remember
- 4 exactly. And they -- under two different sets of
- 5 assumptions, one they called a base case and the other
- 6 one they called a worst-case scenario.
- 7 In either case, they were -- in the base case,
- 8 they were likely to be out of funding in, my recollection
- 9 is, sometime between five and ten days. Under a worst
- 10 case, it was likely to be on many fewer days, two or
- 11 three, something like that.
- 12 At the end of this, they said that given this
- 13 situation, they were interested in an emergency loan from
- 14 the Federal Reserve.
- Q. Okay. So there's a lot of information there, and
- 16 let's try and unpack that a little bit.
- 17 A. Sure.
- 18 Q. You mentioned first of all that they had a
- 19 presentation with respect to becoming a primary dealer
- 20 and that there was a reference to several months.
- 21 Why did it take so long to become a primary
- 22 dealer?
- 23 A. In the case of AIG, they literally didn't have the
- 24 business built, and so their projection in their
- 25 presentation to us was it was more than six months. I

- 1 don't remember.
- 2 In addition to that, though, I also informed them
- 3 that they -- that typically primary dealership is a
- long-term -- medium-term process to become a 4
- 5 counterparty of the New York Fed for market operations.
- I believe the shortest time period that's ever been 6
- 7 taken for a primary dealer was about nine months, and
- that was for an institution that had previously been a 8
- 9 primary dealer. In most cases, the ramp-up period takes
- a year or longer. 10
- Q. And is there any way the process could be 11
- 12 expedited?
- 13 The counterparty performance criteria as well as
- the -- in particular is something that can't be 14
- 15 accelerated, or wouldn't be accelerated is a better way
- 16 to put it.
- For policy operations, the New York Fed has a set 17
- 18 of criteria that it insists that all of its
- 19 counterparties perform in all types of market conditions,
- 20 and effectively there's a sort of trial period for firms
- 21 to prove that they can do that.
- 22 Q. Okay. And you mentioned that AIG requested an
- 23 emergency loan.
- 24 How much did AIG indicate it wanted to borrow, if
- 25 at all?

- 1 A. I don't remember them giving us a number of how
- 2 much to borrow, that they wanted to borrow, but their
- 3 liquidity projections implied that over the course of the
- 4 next week or so that they would need in the neighborhood
- 5 of 10 to 15 billion dollars.
- 6 Q. Okay. And you also mentioned a base case and
- 7 worst case projection.
- 8 Did you have any understanding as to AIG's funding
- 9 projection?
- 10 A. We asked what the assumptions were under their
- 11 base case and worst case assumptions.
- 12 Their base case assumptions, in my personal
- 13 opinion, seemed optimistic at the time. They were
- 14 assuming that after the ratings downgrade that some of
- 15 their commercial paper counterparties would continue to
- 16 lend to them and that not all of their counterparties
- 17 would demand all of the collateral on their -- that was
- 18 due -- that might be due on their derivatives
- 19 transactions. I thought that was optimistic, and I
- 20 thought the assumptions in what they described as a
- 21 worst-case scenario were more likely to actually occur if
- 22 they were downgraded.
- 23 Q. And did you have an opinion as to when AIG would
- 24 run out of funding based on the projections that they
- 25 provided?

- 1 A. What sticks in my head is that they would likely
- 2 be short of cash and be -- have a funding hole, shall we
- 3 say, by Tuesday or Wednesday of the following week.
- 4 Q. And in terms of funding, are we talking -- we're
- 5 talking about -- are you familiar with the term
- 6 "short-term funding" as it's used --
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. -- in connection with liquidity?
- 9 And why is it important to have short-term
- 10 funding?
- 11 A. Most financial institutions typically have some of
- 12 their liabilities be very short-term so that they can
- 13 manage purchases and sales of assets, and so forth. And
- 14 therefore, they -- nearly all of them have a decent
- 15 amount of liabilities that are -- require relending every
- 16 day or every few days, and those are basically different
- 17 types of short-term loans, and that's usually what we
- 18 mean by "short-term funding."
- 19 Q. And what, if anything, did AIG indicate that it
- 20 was doing to alleviate its funding concerns at this
- 21 time?
- 22 A. Actually they really didn't tell us anything
- 23 except coming to the Federal Reserve.
- Q. Okay. And what time did the meeting begin? Do
- 25 you recall?

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- 1 A. It was about 3:30 in the afternoon I think.
- Q. And how long was the meeting?
- 3 A. Approximately an hour, maybe a little bit longer
- 4 than that.
- 5 Q. Okay. And how did the meeting conclude?
- 6 A. It was clear that the funding strains at AIG were
- 7 serious. And I noted that the bar for receiving a
- 8 13(3) loan was very high based on my observation of both
- 9 the -- my understanding of the legal requirements as
- 10 well as in practice since it involved a vote of the
- 11 governors; and therefore, the kind of information that
- 12 the Fed would request to even consider such a thing
- 13 would require a lot more information than they had
- 14 provided to us.
- 15 They offered to have staff from the New York Fed
- 16 and the Fed in general to come to AIG and look through
- 17 their books, funding, solvency, et cetera, and we agreed
- 18 that that process should start immediately, and so we set
- 19 up a meeting for later that evening. I don't remember if
- 20 it was 7:00 or 8:00 p.m.
- 21 Q. Okay. And what did you do when the meeting was
- 22 over?
- A. I went back to my office and made a couple of
- 24 phone calls relaying the substance of the meeting and
- 25 wrote the e-mail summary that was shown earlier.

- 1 Q. Who did you call?
- 2 A. I called Bill Dudley and relayed at a high level
- 3 the -- a summary of the meeting, and I called Tim
- 4 Geithner and told -- gave him a high-level summary of the
- 5 meeting.
- 6 Q. Let's turn to DX 256 in your binder.
- 7 You mentioned that you gave Mr. Dudley and
- 8 Mr. Geithner a high-level summary.
- 9 Do you recall with any more specificity what you
- 10 told either Mr. Dudley or Mr. Geithner at that time?
- 11 A. To the best of my memory, that AIG was being
- 12 downgraded over the weekend and could be out of liquidity
- 13 by early the following week. The telephone calls, to the
- 14 best of my memory, were not long.
- 15 Q. Okay. And you mentioned that you made some
- 16 notes.
- 17 Can you identify what's shown here on DX 256,
- 18 please.
- 19 A. Yes. These are the notes.
- Q. Okay. And if I can direct you to the second
- 21 page -- you were asked some questions about these notes
- 22 earlier.
- 23 If I can direct you to the second page of the
- 24 document next to the heading Mobility of Liquidity.
- Do you see that?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 O. Okay. There's a reference there in the second
- 3 sentence to use subs to upstream liquidity to holding co.
- 4 Do you see that?
- 5 A. Yes.
- Q. What does "upstream liquidity" refer to here?
- 7 A. In this particular case I was referring to
- 8 liquidity from the insurance subsidiaries being sent up
- 9 to the holding company because they could not roll,
- 10 meaning, they didn't have all their reinvestments in
- 11 commercial paper, and so the parent company had a
- 12 liquidity shortfall and in this case the -- my
- 13 recollection is the insurance subsidiaries had excess
- 14 liquidity and they sent it to the parent.
- 15 Q. And let's look at the plans to address liquidity
- 16 stress. There's a reference there to asset sales.
- 17 Do you see that?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. What did AIG tell you about its attempts to sell
- 20 assets at this time?
- 21 A. That most of the assets that they had to sell were
- 22 very illiquid. Many of them were structured credits,
- 23 mortgage structured credits, products, and the market
- 24 distress -- for many months there had been market
- 25 distress in those markets, and it was very difficult to

- 1 sell those kinds of assets into the market.
- Q. Let's take a look at the next item there, equity
- 3 issuance. There's a reference there to not viable at
- 4 this time.
- 5 Do you see where I'm referring to?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Okay. Did AIG mention why another issuance was
- 8 not viable?
- 9 A. Their stock price had fallen very sharply over
- 10 the course of the previous week, and they felt that
- 11 the -- that any attempt to issue equity right at the
- 12 present time would -- or at that time -- excuse me --
- 13 would simply send the equity price down even lower and
- 14 lead to both greater delusion and -- or dilution --
- 15 excuse me -- and also would send such a negative signal
- 16 that they might not actually be successful in raising
- 17 very much equity.
- 18 O. And let's look at the next item there. It
- 19 mentions restrictions on Fed-eligible assets that have
- 20 available prices.
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. First of all, why do you mention available
- 23 prices?
- 24 A. The company told us at the time that they had
- 25 \$12 billion in assets that appeared to fit the criteria

- 1 for PDCF, the PDCF facility.
- 2 However, at that time, the PDCF lending facility,
- 3 while it took structured product and asset-backed
- 4 securities, it would only take those securities if there
- 5 was a price available in the market that was published by
- 6 a third party. And a number of asset-backed securities
- 7 actually at that point in the crisis did not have prices
- 8 available, and at this stage those would have not been
- 9 eligible for -- would not have been eligible for a
- 10 facility like PDCF.
- 11 So that qualification is that we were unsure how
- 12 much of that \$12 billion might actually fit the current
- 13 criteria for PDCF.
- Q. And let me -- I think you answered this, but let
- 15 me just ask it another way to be certain.
- 16 How would restrictions on assets affect the amount
- 17 that was Fed eligible?
- 18 A. Oh, I'm sorry. The -- that comment was to suggest
- 19 that the number might be smaller than 12 billion.
- Q. Okay. And now, let's look at the next paragraph
- 21 beginning with "Unwinding."
- Do you see that paragraph?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. There's a reference there to derivatives book,
- 25 AIG's derivatives book?

- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. What did AIG tell you about its derivatives book
- 3 at this meeting?
- 4 A. It was obviously very large. It was highly
- 5 structured, meaning it was not particularly liquid
- 6 derivatives products, and that the book was not balanced
- 7 in the sense of they were taking investments or bets in
- 8 one direction or another using the book. It was not they
- 9 were long and short. They were -- had bought and sold
- 10 similar derivatives. They were clearly either buying in
- 11 one direction or selling in another.
- 12 Q. When you say that it wasn't balanced, what did AIG
- 13 say about its book that led you to conclude that it was
- 14 not balanced?
- 15 A. That's -- they told us that it was not balanced.
- 16 They actually didn't size how imbalanced it was. We
- 17 asked for an estimate and they couldn't provide it.
- 18 Q. Okay. And do you see the sentence there where
- 19 you're referring to where it says, "Book is very far from
- 20 balanced"?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. There's a reference there to could not give M-to-M
- 23 value.
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. Why do you note that?

- 1 A. That was what I just referred to. They could not
- 2 tell us directionally nor the size of the valuations of
- 3 their derivatives at that point in time. We didn't know
- 4 what they were worth.
- 5 Q. If I could direct your attention back up to the
- 6 plans to address liquidity stress.
- 7 Do you see that?
- 8 There's a reference --
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. -- there to "It is all gone."
- 11 And next to "capital" --
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. -- it says, "AIG raised \$20 billion in capital.
- 14 It is all gone"?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. What did you mean by that?
- 17 A. We were under the impression that the additional
- 18 \$20 billion in equity issued by AIG had been used already
- 19 for or to -- had been used already to cover losses
- 20 largely on their structured products.
- MS. ACEVEDO: Okay.
- 22 Your Honor, I'd like to move for the admission of
- 23 DX 256.
- MR. BOIES: No objection, Your Honor.
- 25 THE COURT: Defendant's Exhibit 256 is admitted.

- 1 (Defendant's Exhibit Number 256 was admitted into
- 2 evidence.)
- 3 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- Q. Now, after you documented this meeting, what did
- 5 you do?
- 6 A. We set up a meeting that evening, as I mentioned,
- 7 at AIG. In addition to the two of us who attended this
- 8 meeting, additional staff, one person from the markets
- 9 group and several people from the bank supervision area,
- 10 attended that meeting and a -- as did, I believe by
- 11 telephone, staff from the Board of Governors at the
- 12 Federal Reserve as well.
- Q. And just at a very high level, what happened at
- 14 that meeting?
- 15 A. That meeting was a larger discussion with many
- 16 more staff from AIG about getting more details mainly
- 17 about the issues that are discussed in this -- that were
- 18 discussed at the afternoon meeting but in substantially
- 19 more detail.
- Q. And did you attend that meeting?
- 21 A. I attended the first part of that meeting. I did
- 22 not attend the entire meeting.
- Q. And did you say the meeting was at AIG?
- A. It was at AIG, yes.
- Q. Okay. Let me have you turn to DX 249 in your

- 1 binder.
- 2 Can you identify this document for the Court?
- 3 A. Yes. These are notes from the evening meeting.
- 4 Q. And did you review these at the time?
- 5 A. I did.
- 6 Q. And looking at the first paragraph there, can you
- 7 identify who from the New York Fed attended this
- 8 meeting?
- 9 A. I believe those that attended the meeting were
- 10 those that are in the CC line and myself,
- 11 Catherine Voigts, Paul Whynott, Jim Mahoney, as well as
- 12 the author, Alex LaTorre.
- Q. Okay. I'm sorry. Looking at the first paragraph,
- 14 can you identify who from the Board of Governors --
- 15 A. Oh, yes.
- 16 Q. -- staff participated.
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. My question was wrong. I apologize.
- 19 A. Scott Alvarez, Deborah Bailey, Jim Clouse,
- 20 Mike Gibson and Brian Madigan.
- 21 Q. And if I can just direct you to the first sentence
- 22 of the second paragraph there beginning "The key take
- away, do you see that?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. There's a reference to facing a severe run on

- 1 liquidity.
- What did AIG tell you about its liquidity needs at
- 3 this meeting?
- 4 A. The number -- the estimated numbers of liquidity
- 5 needs from this meeting was actually higher than what we
- 6 had received in the afternoon and it was on the order
- 7 of -- it was just under \$20 billion --
- 8 Q. Okay.
- 9 A. -- as I recall.
- 10 Q. If I can direct you to the last sentence of that
- 11 paragraph, there's a reference to estimate they might
- 12 have to pay out of the 18.6B.
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. How did that number compare to the range that AIG
- 15 provided at the 3:30 meeting at the Fed?
- 16 A. It was a larger number.
- 17 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, I'd like to move for
- 18 admission of DX 249.
- MR. BOIES: No objection, Your Honor.
- 20 THE COURT: Defendant's Exhibit 249 is admitted.
- 21 (Defendant's Exhibit Number 249 was admitted into
- 22 evidence.)
- BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- Q. Now, I want to switch gears a little bit and talk
- 25 about Saturday.

- What, if anything, did you do with respect to AIG
- 2 on Saturday?
- 3 A. There are three things that happened on Saturday,
- 4 to my recollection.
- 5 The first was that additional staff from the
- 6 New York Fed began doing analysis on different aspects of
- 7 AIG, the size of its liquidity needs, the financial
- 8 health or solvency of the company, including several
- 9 various subsidiaries, and -- and additional analysis of
- 10 collateral. There may have been others in addition to
- 11 that, but those are the ones I remember.
- 12 There -- we had a teleconference with senior
- 13 executives from AIG that included senior staff from the
- 14 Federal Reserve Board as well as the New York Fed. This
- 15 was a substantially smaller group of people.
- And then later in the day I spoke with
- 17 Eric Dinallo, the New York state insurance supervisor,
- 18 also about AIG.
- 19 Q. Okay. And you mentioned first that New York Fed
- 20 staff did some additional analysis with respect to AIG?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Did people from the New York Fed go to AIG on
- 23 Saturday?
- A. I believe some did.
- 25 Q. And did you speak with those people on Saturday?

- 1 A. I surely -- the people at AIG -- excuse me -- the
- 2 staff from New York Fed that went to AIG? Yes, I -- one
- 3 staffer who worked for me went there and I spoke with him.
- 4 Q. And who was that?
- 5 A. Alex LaTorre.
- 6 Q. And what did Mr. LaTorre tell you, if anything,
- 7 about AIG's funding needs on Saturday?
- 8 MR. BOIES: Objection. Hearsay.
- 9 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 10 MS. ACEVEDO:
- 11 Q. Did you become aware of AIG's funding -- a change
- in AIG's funding needs on Saturday?
- 13 A. I'm sorry. It was a long time ago, and Saturday
- 14 and Sunday blur together a little bit.
- 15 Sometime either on Saturday or early on Sunday I
- 16 had sought estimates of -- new estimates of the liquidity
- 17 need, and it was closer to --
- 18 MR. BOIES: Objection, Your Honor. It's hearsay
- 19 unless there's some foundation.
- 20 MS. ACEVEDO: I'm attempting to establish the
- 21 foundation.
- 22 THE COURT: I'll sustain the objection.
- You can ask a new question.
- 24 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 25 Q. Okay. On Saturday, September 13, did you learn

- any information about AIG's funding needs at that time? 1
- 2 On the call with Mr. --
- 3 MR. BOIES: Objection, Your Honor. That's a
- yes-or-no question that I don't object to, but if the 4
- 5 substance is going to come out, it's either got to be
- 6 with foundation or there's a hearsay objection.
- 7 THE COURT: Can you answer the question yes or no?
- 8 THE WITNESS: Yes.
- 9 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- Q. And how did you learn that information? 10
- I know that I received an estimate from the 11
- 12 conversation with Mr. Dinallo. I believe I received the
- 13 information also from AIG executives, but I don't
- remember if that was on Saturday or Sunday. 14
- Q. And how did the estimate compare to the number 15
- 16 that you were provided on Friday evening?
- MR. BOIES: Objection. Hearsay. 17
- 18 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 19 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, I'm not asking for the
- 20 truth of the evidence but how it informed her opinion
- 21 with respect to AIG and the actions that she took
- 22 relating to it.
- 23 THE COURT: Well, I think it's all relying upon
- 24 information that she received from others so far, so
- 25 that's why it's hearsay.

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- 1 MS. ACEVEDO: Okay. We'll move on.
- 2 THE COURT: All right.
- 3 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 4 Q. Now, you mentioned a teleconference with
- 5 New York Fed staff and the Board of Governors?
- 6 A. And AIG --
- 7 Q. Okay.
- 8 A. -- executives. Yes.
- 9 Q. Why don't you tell us about that call.
- 10 MR. BOIES: Objection if she's asking for the
- 11 substance. If she's asking just who participated, I have
- 12 no objection, but if she's asking for the substance of
- 13 the call, I object on hearsay grounds.
- 14 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 15 Q. Did you participate in that call?
- 16 A. I did.
- Q. What was discussed on the call?
- 18 MR. BOIES: Objection, Your Honor, if she's asking
- 19 what other people told her. If she's asking what this
- 20 witness said on the call, I have no objection, but if
- 21 she's asking what other people said on the call, I object
- 22 on hearsay grounds.
- 23 THE COURT: Overruled. I'll take her answer.
- 24 THE WITNESS: The AIG executives again requested
- 25 an emergency loan from the Federal Reserve. They, as a

- 1 part of that request, included an outline I should say, a
- 2 plan, for selling assets, specifically insurance
- 3 companies, insurance subsidiaries, if I recall correctly,
- 4 and getting an agreement from the insurance regulators,
- 5 the state insurance regulators, to upstream some assets
- 6 to the parent company that would be collateral for the
- 7 emergency loan from the Fed.
- 8 They believed that the sale of the subsidiaries
- 9 would take some months, and so the request for borrowing
- 10 was for -- was for quite some time, a year or something
- 11 along those lines. I -- they used the term "bridge
- 12 loan."
- 13 The request was the estimated size of the loan was
- on the order of I would say 30 or 35 billion dollars.
- 15 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 16 Q. And how did that number, 30 or 35 billion, compare
- 17 to the number that you were told at AIG at 8:00 p.m. the
- 18 night before?
- 19 A. It was larger.
- 20 Q. Okay. And how did that call conclude?
- 21 A. The call concluded with the general counsel of
- 22 the Board of Governors noting that -- to the AIG
- 23 executives that they should not base their plans
- 24 assuming that they would get a loan from -- an emergency
- 25 loan from the Federal Reserve, that the bar for doing so

- 1 both legally and in practice was very high, and while
- 2 they should continue with their contingency planning
- 3 given the dire liquidity situation that they should not
- 4 build in or they should not count on access to emergency
- 5 Fed liquidity as a part of that plan.
- 6 Q. Did you document that call?
- 7 A. I did.
- 8 O. Let's look at DX 276.
- 9 Can you identify this document for the Court?
- 10 A. Yes. The e-mail starting on the bottom half of
- 11 the page is the -- is the summary of that call.
- Q. And I'm going to direct you to the first two
- 13 sentences that are in your e-mail there.
- 14 You say there that the New York Fed view is AIG's
- 15 worst case is not worst case, but base case.
- Do you see where I'm referring to?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Why did you write that?
- 19 A. My view and at least the view of one other person
- 20 who was on the call with me was that the assumptions that
- 21 were -- of the amount of liquidity that AIG would receive
- 22 from certain market participants was or the deference
- 23 that they would be shown in having to pay out liquidity
- 24 was too optimistic in their base case, and therefore, we
- 25 thought their worst case was more likely a reflection of

- 1 the need.
- Q. Okay. And if you can just look at the next two
- 3 paragraphs and read those two yourself and let me know
- 4 when you're done.
- 5 (Pause in the proceedings.)
- 6 THE COURT: Are you at the bottom of the first
- 7 page?
- 8 MS. ACEVEDO: Yes. The bottom -- the paragraphs
- 9 beginning "Medium term plan" and "Such asset sales."
- 10 You had referenced some of these items, and I
- 11 wanted to follow up on some of the testimony you gave
- 12 earlier.
- 13 THE WITNESS: Yes.
- 14 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 15 Q. Okay. So you had referenced some of this language
- 16 previously, but if you can just briefly summarize for the
- 17 Court the points that are identified herein, that would
- 18 be great.
- 19 A. I'm -- I'm sorry. I didn't understand the
- 20 question.
- 21 Q. Oh.
- 22 Can you briefly summarize for the Court the points
- 23 that are identified in these two paragraphs?
- 24 A. Oh, yes.
- 25 AIG put forward a plan to sell -- in this case it

- 1 says \$40 billion of life insurance subsidiary assets,
- 2 high-quality assets. And because of the time needed to
- 3 do that, to make those sales, they requested funding
- 4 to -- from the Fed facilities for a period that says six
- 5 to 12 months here while they could arrange for those
- 6 sales since they could not finance themselves or they
- 7 felt they couldn't finance themselves elsewhere.
- 8 Q. And you made a reference to this earlier, but in
- 9 the third paragraph there, there's a reference to tapping
- 10 Fed lending facilities for bridge financing?
- 11 A. Yes.
- Q. What was your reaction to AIG's tapping Fed
- 13 lending facilities for bridge financing?
- 14 A. I mean, that -- any lending to AIG would have been
- 15 done under section 13(3), which would have required a
- 16 policy vote by the Board of Governors. And as I noted,
- 17 that was -- that was very -- it was unusual and rare.
- Q. And with respect to bridge financing, did you have
- 19 an opinion as to AIG's need for bridge financing?
- 20 A. I mean, I had no particular reason to -- that I
- 21 can remember to think that the round numbers here were
- 22 incorrect. The fact that they had not -- in the last
- 23 sentence that they had not approached any private
- 24 financial institutions is -- is -- was problematic in
- 25 particular from the standpoint of a 13(3) loan.

- 1 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, I'd like to move for the
- 2 admission of DX 276.
- 3 MR. BOIES: 276?
- I have no objection, Your Honor.
- 5 THE COURT: Defendant's Exhibit 276 is admitted.
- 6 (Defendant's Exhibit Number 276 was admitted into
- 7 evidence.)
- 8 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 9 Q. Now, you also mentioned earlier that you had
- 10 conversations, two that you recall, with
- 11 Mr. Eric Dinallo?
- 12 A. (Witness nodding.)
- Q. What did you talk to Mr. Dinallo about?
- 14 A. We spoke about actually what became pieces of this
- 15 proposal or plan that AIG had outlined.
- In particular, we discussed --
- 17 MR. BOIES: Your Honor, I'm going to object if
- 18 she's going to get into the substance because I asked
- 19 her about Mr. Dinallo's conversation and counsel for the
- 20 government objected on hearsay, so it's got to be either
- 21 we're going to get all of it in or none of it in.
- 22 THE COURT: I think this goes both ways, so I'll
- 23 sustain the objection.
- MS. ACEVEDO:
- Q. Okay. Well, let me ask you this.

- 1 Did you make notes of your conversations with
- 2 Mr. Dinallo?
- 3 A. I did.
- 4 Q. Okay. And let me direct you then to DX 280.
- 5 And in particular -- can you identify this
- 6 document for the Court?
- 7 A. Yes. The bottom portion of it is an e-mail from
- 8 me it appears summarizing two different calls, one -- one
- 9 having to do directly with the conversation with AIG and
- 10 the bottom one having to do with the conversation with
- 11 the New York state insurance commissioner, Eric Dinallo.
- 12 Q. Okay. And you referenced earlier an upstream
- 13 plan. There's a reference under NYSID to a plan.
- 14 What plan is being referred to there?
- 15 A. The plan is the one where AIG would sell over the
- 16 course of more than six months \$40 billion in insurance
- 17 subsidiaries and requested bridge financing from the Fed
- 18 in order to have collateral for that financing as an
- 19 emergency lending -- this would be an emergency loan from
- 20 the Fed. They needed additional collateral, and the
- 21 discussion with Mr. Dinallo was largely about where that
- 22 collateral would come from, namely, through the insurance
- 23 subsidiaries.
- Q. And looking at the next paragraph there, there's a
- 25 reference to a JD Flowers.

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- 1 Is that a typo?
- 2 Α. Yes.
- 3 Would that be J.C. Flowers? Q.
- 4 A. It is.
- 5 Okay. And did you have an understanding as to
- 6 what role, if any, J.C. Flowers played in the plan that's
- 7 referenced at the above paragraph?
- 8 Α. That part of this plan would now include some sort
- 9 of an equity investment from J.C. Flowers.
- 10 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, I'd like to move for the
- admission of DX 280. 11
- 12 MR. BOIES: No objection, Your Honor.
- 13 THE COURT: Defendant's Exhibit 280 is admitted.
- (Defendant's Exhibit Number 280 was admitted into 14
- 15 evidence.)
- BY MS. ACEVEDO: 16
- All right. Let's talk about Sunday. 17
- 18 What, if anything, did you do on Sunday with
- 19 respect to AIG?
- 20 A. On Sunday, to the best of my recollection, one of
- 21 the major things that was done was a development of a
- 22 document on pros and cons of lending to AIG.
- 23 Q. Okay. If I can direct you to DX 307.
- 24 First of all, did you -- did you do that list?
- 25 Did you make a pros and cons list?

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- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Can you identify --
- 3 A. Can I qualify that answer?
- 4 Q. Sure.
- 5 A. A pros and cons list was put together. It was a
- 6 joint effort of a lot of different individuals. It
- 7 wasn't just me personally.
- 8 Q. And what was your role, if any, in that effort?
- 9 A. It was basically coordinating and pulling together
- 10 information from the groups that were working on various
- 11 aspects of it.
- 12 Q. And did you review the list and contribute to it?
- 13 A. Yes, I did.
- Q. Okay. Can you identify for the Court what's shown
- 15 in DX 307?
- 16 A. Yes. It's an e-mail with three attachments about
- 17 pros and cons.
- 18 Q. Okay. And if I can direct you to the page that
- 19 ends in 6652.
- 20 You were asked earlier about a different pros and
- 21 cons list, JX 48.
- 22 Do you know how this list compares to the one that
- 23 was shown in JX 48?
- 24 A. Not without looking at them, not without comparing
- 25 them closely, no.

- 1 If I can just have you look at JX 48 for just a
- 2 moment.
- 3 Α. Is that from the other binder?
- 4 Ο. Yes.
- 5 A. Okay. Sorry. One moment.
- 6 What was the number again? Sorry.
- 7 JX 48. Q.
- 48. Α. Thank you.
- 9 And in particular, there's a reference there in
- the Sent, next to Sent with respect to the date and 10
- time. 11
- 12 A. One moment.
- 13 I don't know if they're the same document,
- but the one in -- the one in the binder that you have 14
- 15 provided to me appears that it was sent a little earlier
- 16 in the afternoon.
- Q. I'm sorry. If you look at JX 48, it indicates, 17
- next to Sent, Sunday -- Sun Sep 14 2008 14:10, so that 18
- 19 would be -- it looks like it's military time, so would
- 20 that be 2:10 approximately?
- 21 Α. Yes.
- 22 And then there's a reference there that says "For
- 23 our meeting at 2:30 p.m."
- 24 Do you see that?
- 25 Α. Yes.

- Q. Okay. And then if you take a look at the one --
- 2 do you recall attending a meeting at 2:30 p.m. on Sunday,
- 3 September 14, relating to this document?
- 4 A. Yes. Vaguely I do.
- 5 Q. And if you take a look at DX 307, the Sent is
- 6 Sun Sep 14 2008 15:48, so that appears to be at 3:48; is
- 7 that right?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. Okay. And is DX 307 a revised version of what's
- 10 shown in JX 48?
- 11 A. I assume that it is. If it's not identical, then
- 12 since it's later, it would have been revised perhaps
- 13 based on that 2:30 meeting. As I said, I'd have to look
- 14 at them closely to know if they were the same or not.
- 15 Q. Okay. That's fine. We'll move on.
- 16 Let me just direct your attention to the last page
- 17 of DX 307.
- 18 A. Yes
- 19 Q. It appears to be -- the page begins on 6652 and
- 20 continues to 6653.
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. It appears to be a list that's labeled Pros and
- 23 Cons of Lending to AIG.
- 24 Do you see that?
- 25 A. Yes, I do.

- 1 Q. Okay. And I want to focus first on the pros that
- 2 are here.
- 3 Does the order in which the pros appear reflect a
- 4 ranking?
- 5 A. Not to my recollection, no.
- 6 Q. And did you believe that any pro should be
- 7 afforded more or less consideration than another?
- 8 A. My personal opinion was that the pros associated
- 9 with potential spillover effects were particularly
- 10 important, and those would be -- or mitigating the
- 11 negative effects of not lending is probably the right way
- 12 to say it. And those would be 1, which had to do with
- 13 the complexity of the firm; 3, the potential impact of
- 14 not lending could have on other wholesale funding markets
- 15 or other financial institutions; and the last two which
- 16 broadly are -- or particularly 6, which were the impact
- 17 on derivatives markets.
- 18 Q. Okay. And now I want to focus your attention to
- 19 the cons and in particular on number 5.
- 20 You were asked some questions earlier about the
- 21 solvency of the subsidiaries, the financial condition of
- 22 AIG's insurance subsidiaries. And number 5 has a
- 23 reference to subs do not appear to be sources of
- 24 strength.
- Do you see that?

- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. Can you tell us what's being referred to there?
- 3 A. One of the important questions about AIG, the --
- 4 at the -- the entire company, was whether the insurance
- 5 companies, which were widely perceived to be solvent,
- 6 had sufficient excess capital or had large enough
- 7 capital cushions to make up for what was believed to be
- 8 a very large capital hole, meaning, undercapitalization
- 9 in the Financial Products subsidiary.
- 10 And this analysis that's summarized in 5 is -- was
- 11 an attempt to assess the size of the excess capital at
- 12 the insurance companies. It was a negative here, and our
- 13 question was how big the positive was on the other
- 14 side (indicating).
- 15 This particular analysis conclusion suggested that
- 16 the property and casualty companies were highly solvent
- 17 and had excess capital. The life insurance companies
- 18 were -- based on the analysis that I recall, were solvent
- 19 but might not have particularly large excess capital
- 20 cushions.
- 21 Q. Okay. Let's look at the first document in this
- 22 exhibit. There are three documents. If you look at the
- 23 first one there, it's titled AIG Subsidiaries: Are They
- 24 a Source of Strength?
- 25 Do you see that?

- - 1 I do. Α.
 - 2 Okay. What's this document? Ο.
 - 3 I don't remember all the details in this document. Α.
 - It was a long time ago. But this was at least some of 4
 - 5 the analysis that informed my opinion from just a moment
 - 6 ago.
 - 7 Q. And was this a presentation?
 - A. Yes, it was. 8
 - 9 And did you attend that presentation? Ο.
 - I have a -- I have a vague memory of it. Yes. 10
 - But I -- it's hard to remember whether it was that or 11
 - 12 whether I saw the slides before. But to the best of my
 - 13 recollection, I did, yes.
 - Q. Irrespective of whether you attended in person, 14
 - 15 what was the takeaway -- did you have a takeaway from the
 - 16 presentation?
 - 17 Α. Yes.
 - 18 Q. What was it?
 - 19 That -- that excess capital at the life insurance
 - 20 companies might not be sufficient to offset the very
 - 21 large capital hole at Financial Products. It was
 - 22 uncertain, but there was a risk that that was the case.
 - 23 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, I'd like to move for the
 - 24 admission of DX 307.
 - 25 MR. BOIES: No objection, Your Honor.

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- 1 THE COURT: Defendant's Exhibit 307 is admitted.
- 2 (Defendant's Exhibit Number 307 was admitted into
- 3 evidence.)
- 4 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 5 Now, we spoke earlier about a plan that -- on
- 6 Saturday that's referenced in DX 280. Do you recall
- 7 that?
- 8 Α. Yes.
- 9 Were there any developments on Sunday with respect
- to that plan? 10
- A. AIG informed me that it was not going to be 11
- 12 pursued.
- 13 O. Okay. And let's take a look at DX 312. It should
- be the next document in your binder. 14
- 15 This was also shown to you earlier as JX 49.
- 16 if the Court would give me a little leeway, my sound and
- light person is working from a different set of exhibit 17
- 18 numbers.
- 19 Can you tell the Court what's identified here in
- 20 DX 312?
- 21 A. Yes. It's my summary of a call with the chief
- 22 financial officer and vice chairman of AIG.
- 23 O. And I want to focus -- and what was he
- 24 communicating to you?
- 25 A. The first paragraph describes the previous plan

- 1 that I had discussed in the two Saturday's calls was not
- 2 likely to happen because the private equity investor
- 3 J.C. Flowers had withdrawn, but there might be a new
- 4 alternative plan on the table.
- 5 Q. Okay. And let's look at the second paragraph.
- 6 There's a sentence there -- I believe it's the third
- 7 sentence -- which says, "The offer is also contingent"?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Why did you believe the offer to be contingent on
- 10 Fed lending?
- 11 A. Well, that they told me that it was. The -- my
- 12 understanding from speaking to AIG was that the private
- 13 equity investors would -- were not willing to make that
- 14 investment unless AIG could receive a loan from -- an
- 15 emergency loan from the Federal Reserve.
- 16 Q. Okay. And you mentioned an alternative plan.
- 17 To what plan is this contingency referencing?
- 18 A. The plan that was outlined here was one where AIG
- 19 would effectively -- or Allianz and Flowers would
- 20 basically more than -- would take -- effectively take
- 21 control of the firm. They would issue them sort of more
- 22 than the existing amount of equity outstanding.
- 23 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, I'd like to move for the
- 24 admission of DX 312.
- 25 THE COURT: Well, you told me this is the same

- 1 as --
- MS. ACEVEDO: I believe it is, yeah. I haven't
- 3 done a page-by-page comparison, but we can compare it and
- 4 then move for it at a later time if it's not.
- 5 THE COURT: It's only one page. It's two
- 6 paragraphs.
- 7 What is the JX number?
- 8 MS. ACEVEDO: JX 48 -- 49. Pardon me. 49.
- 9 THE COURT: All right. Well, we'll use
- 10 JX 49 then.
- MS. ACEVEDO: Okay.
- 12 THE COURT: Defendant's Exhibit 312 is not
- 13 admitted.
- 14 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 15 Q. Now, I want to talk about Monday, move to Monday.
- 16 What, if anything, did you do on Monday with
- 17 respect to AIG?
- 18 A. We received a request from President Geithner to
- 19 put together a document that to the best of staff's
- 20 ability would outline some of the -- outline consequences
- 21 of an AIG bankruptcy.
- Q. And who made that request?
- 23 A. President Geithner.
- Q. And did you do that?
- A. Yes, we did.

- Q. Okay. If you can look at DX 398 in your binder,
- 2 it should be the next tab.
- 3 Could you identify this document for the Court?
- 4 A. Yes. This seems to be the summary document from
- 5 that analysis.
- 6 Q. Okay. If I can direct your attention to the
- 7 numbered document attached here.
- 8 Systemic Impact of AIG Bankruptcy is the title?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And in particular to bullet point number 2, How
- 11 the Bankruptcy Process Might Unfold.
- There are two italicized headings there, one for
- 13 impact on unregulated subsidiaries and one for impact on
- 14 regulated subsidiaries.
- 15 Do you see that?
- 16 A. I do.
- 17 Q. And under the impact on regulated subsidiaries
- 18 there are two numbered I guess lists there. One says "if
- 19 the insurance subsidiaries are financially healthy, " the
- 20 other "if the insurance subsidiaries are not financially
- 21 healthy."
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. Was there a question at this time as to how -- as
- 24 to the health of the subsidiaries?
- 25 A. There was a question about the health of some of

- 1 the life insurance subsidiaries based on the analysis
- 2 that I mentioned earlier.
- MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, I'd like to move for the
- 4 admission of DX 398.
- 5 MR. BOIES: No objection, Your Honor.
- 6 THE COURT: Defendant's Exhibit 398 is admitted.
- 7 (Defendant's Exhibit Number 398 was admitted into
- 8 evidence.)
- 9 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 10 Q. Now, how did this document come about?
- 11 A. As I said, the request came from Tim Geithner. In
- 12 addition to pulling together analysis and that was
- included in the pros and cons document as well as
- 14 additional work that had been done over the course of the
- 15 subsequent day, there was a request for a consideration
- 16 of some of the more global aspects of AIG's business, its
- impact on retail customers, meaning households,
- 18 policyholders.
- 19 And also the analysis of how a bankruptcy process
- 20 might unfold was sort of additional work that was
- 21 requested to go into this memo. Some of it includes
- 22 information that was pulled together previously.
- 23 Q. Looking at the first page of the document, there's
- 24 an e-mail from Mr. LaTorre to Tim Geithner, yourself and
- 25 Mr. Rutledge. And it says, "Tim, Attached is a document

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- 1 that summarizes some of our discussion earlier." There's
- 2 a reference to an earlier discussion.
- 3 Do you see that?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Did you participate in that discussion?
- 6 A. Yes, I did.
- 7 Q. And when was that discussion?
- 8 A. To the best of my memory, in the very early
- 9 morning hours Tuesday morning. I don't remember if it
- 10 was 1:00 or 2:00 in the morning, but something along
- 11 those lines.
- 12 Q. And how did that discussion proceed?
- 13 A. It was very free-form debate policy discussion.
- 14 It included obviously information from several groups
- 15 that had been doing different sort of analysis across the
- 16 bank.
- 17 The -- to the best of my memory, there was a
- 18 preliminary version of this document that was then
- 19 revised after that meeting to be reflected in what is
- 20 here.
- 21 And what was different about that debate than most
- 22 of the analytical conversations prior was a discussion of
- 23 the -- some of the global and retail impacts of an AIG
- 24 bankruptcy and whether those might have spillover
- 25 effects. That, to my knowledge, had not been part of the

- 1 analysis until this particular note. And my best
- 2 recollection is that not all the conversation, but a
- 3 decent amount of the conversation around the room
- 4 discussed that at the time.
- 5 But it was very -- it was a very wide-ranging
- 6 policy debate about potential impact.
- 7 Q. When you say "potential impact," are you referring
- 8 to --
- 9 A. Of a bankruptcy. Of a bankruptcy. Excuse me.
- 10 Q. Okay. And approximately how long was the call?
- 11 Do you recall?
- 12 A. I would have guessed about an hour, but, you know,
- 13 it was the middle of the night a long time ago.
- 14 Q. Okay. And did you express a view on the call as
- 15 to whether the New York Fed should loan to AIG?
- 16 A. My own personal view? Yes, I formed a personal
- 17 view.
- 18 O. And what was that view?
- 19 A. My personal view at the time was that I was very
- 20 concerned that the entire company was insolvent, that the
- 21 insurance subsidiaries, which were, based on the
- 22 information I had received, were solvent, but the size of
- 23 their capital, excess capital, was likely insufficient,
- 24 in my personal view, compared to the capital losses at
- 25 the Financial Products subsidiary.

- 1 And I proposed that -- my view was that splitting
- 2 the company and allowing the Financial Products
- 3 subsidiary and therefore the parent to fail and, if you
- 4 like, separating the insurance companies, which appeared
- 5 to be solvent, and, if needed, providing liquidity --
- 6 emergency liquidity to those subsidiaries seemed a better
- 7 option at the time to me than lending to the entire
- 8 company.
- 9 Q. Do you still have that opinion?
- 10 A. I don't actually.
- 11 O. And why not?
- 12 A. Because I didn't realize at the time that this
- 13 split was actually not possible given all the
- 14 cross-default clauses and intercompany quarantees that
- 15 were in place at the time.
- 16 Q. Did other people on the call express an opinion
- 17 similar to yours with respect to whether or not the
- 18 New York Fed should lend to AIG?
- 19 A. One or two did, but a very wide variety of
- 20 opinions were expressed at that meeting, very wide
- 21 variety of opinions and across the full range.
- 22 Q. Okay. And did you have a sense at the end of the
- 23 call as to whether or not the Fed would lend?
- A. No, I did not.
- 25 Q. Okay. Now, we're on Tuesday. It's the wee hours

- 1 of Tuesday morning.
- What else, if anything, did you do on Tuesday with
- 3 respect to AIG?
- 4 A. I don't actually remember doing anything else with
- 5 respect to AIG. After Tuesday, I effectively stopped
- 6 working on AIG analysis.
- 7 Q. Okay. And why is that?
- 8 A. I was -- my boss at the time came and told me on
- 9 Tuesday, during the day sometime, that I needed to --
- 10 given the very dire circumstances in global financial
- 11 markets and the responsibilities I had in managing both
- 12 other liquidity facilities as well as the market
- 13 analysis and market information gathering that needed to
- 14 be done, particularly during a period like that, that I
- 15 needed to focus on those responsibilities rather than
- 16 the work that I had been doing on coordinating analysis
- 17 at AIG, and so I stopped working on AIG-related issues on
- 18 Tuesday.
- 19 Q. Okay. Well, I want to go back to an earlier
- 20 answer that you gave me with respect to the systemic
- 21 impact, referencing DX 398.
- 22 You mentioned a retail impact. Do you recall
- 23 that?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. What did you mean by that?

- 1 A. AIG had a large number of retail customers in a
- 2 wide variety of financial products, annuities,
- 3 policyholders, and so forth, some of them providing
- 4 relatively -- some of whom had the ability to withdraw
- 5 from AIG, particularly should the parent go into
- 6 bankruptcy, and there was concern, particularly outside
- 7 the United States, where there was even less
- 8 understanding of the financial crisis going on, and that
- 9 was particularly concentrated in the U.S. at that point,
- 10 there was concern that there would be effectively a run
- 11 by customers away from even the healthy insurance
- 12 subsidiaries, which could cause the -- that remaining
- 13 part of the company distress.
- 14 And the concern about that contagion effect was
- 15 what -- one of the things that was discussed and written
- 16 up in this memo.
- 17 Q. Okay. And you were asked some questions earlier
- 18 about some e-mails that were written after the decision
- 19 to lend, expressing opinions --
- 20 A. Uh-huh.
- 21 Q. -- about the terms?
- 22 Before we move on, Your Honor, I just can't
- 23 remember if I moved DX 398 in or not.
- 24 THE COURT: Yes, you did.
- MS. ACEVEDO: I did. Okay.

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- 1 THE COURT: It's in evidence.
- 2 MS. ACEVEDO: Thank you.
- 3 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- 4 And one of the e-mails you were asked about was an Q.
- 5 e-mail from Mr. Holscher. Do you recall that?
- 6 Α. Yes.
- 7 What involvement, if any, did he have in the Q.
- decision regarding to -- in the decision to lend to AIG? 8
- 9 Do you know?
- I don't believe he had any involvement at all. 10 Α.
- And you were also asked about an e-mail from 11
- 12 Scott Sherman. Do you recall that?
- 13 Α. I do.
- And what involvement, if any, did he have in the 14
- 15 decision to lend?
- 16 Α. None.
- Okay. And you were also asked about penalty 17 Ο.
- 18 rates?
- 19 Α. Yes.
- 20 Ο. Do you recall that?
- 21 What responsibility, if any, do you have for
- 22 setting penalty rates?
- 23 I did not have responsibility for setting penalty
- In a couple of the facilities that I had direct 24
- 25 responsibility for, I was asked for recommendations on

- 1 penalty rates, some of which were taken and some of which
- 2 were not. Not AIG.
- 3 Q. I'm looking for a piece of paper.
- 4 Your Honor, if I can just have a moment. I'm
- 5 sorry.
- 6 THE COURT: Sure.
- 7 MS. ACEVEDO: I'm looking for a piece of paper
- 8 that I can't find.
- 9 (Pause in the proceedings.)
- 10 I found it. I found it.
- 11 Thank you. I'm sorry. A lot of paper. There's a
- 12 lot of paper.
- 13 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- Q. Earlier when you were asked -- you were asked some
- 15 questions about whether systemically -- who would benefit
- 16 from access to Fed lending. Do you recall that?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. In the context of systemically important
- 19 institutions?
- What did you mean by "benefit from access"?
- 21 A. By "benefit from access," that's a referral to
- 22 whether they had runnable or very -- or short-term
- 23 liabilities.
- 24 A financial institution that doesn't have
- 25 short-term liabilities and therefore isn't runnable

- 1 doesn't benefit much from lender of last resort. And
- 2 therefore, the Fed lending through a systemically
- 3 important institution to an institution like that, it
- 4 will have very little impact on their behavior and
- 5 therefore on the rest of the financial system, so the
- 6 benefit is more would that be useful to them and
- 7 therefore would help them behave in a way that would
- 8 stabilize the rest of the financial system.
- 9 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, may I have a moment?
- 10 THE COURT: Sure.
- 11 (Pause in the proceedings.)
- 12 BY MS. ACEVEDO:
- Q. You just spoke about runnable liabilities.
- 14 Did AIG have runnable liabilities?
- 15 A. It did.
- 16 Q. Was that -- what -- can you elaborate on that?
- 17 A. It had -- it -- some of its liabilities included
- 18 commercial paper, which were basically unsecured
- 19 short-term loans. They used repo funding or repurchase
- 20 agreement funding.
- 21 And the insurance companies had a very sizable
- 22 securities lending -- very sizable securities lending,
- 23 which involved also reinvesting in -- it required
- 24 reinvestments in short-term liabilities, and so they,
- 25 too, had -- they, too, had short-term -- excuse me --

- 1 they, too, had short-term and therefore runnable
- 2 liabilities through securities lending.
- Q. And you mentioned, with respect to your opinion
- 4 as to whether or not the Fed should lend to AIG, you
- 5 talked about an opinion that you expressed in the early
- 6 morning hours of Tuesday, September 16. Do you recall
- 7 that?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And I asked you if you had a different opinion,
- 10 and you said yes and you referenced cross-guarantees. Do
- 11 you recall that?
- 12 A. I do.
- 13 Q. Can you explain what you meant by
- "cross-guarantees"?
- 15 A. Effectively that the cross-guarantees and
- 16 cross-default clauses meant that the failure to perform,
- 17 for example, in a bankruptcy in a subsidiary such as
- 18 Financial Products would require support, capital
- 19 liquidity support from other parts of the company, and
- 20 therefore, the sort of split that I had suggested was not
- 21 possible to do.
- 22 MS. ACEVEDO: Your Honor, I'm going to pass the
- 23 witness.
- 24 THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much.
- 25 Any redirect, Mr. Boies?

- 1 MR. BOIES: Yes, Your Honor.
- 2 THE COURT: All right.
- 3 - -
- 4 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 5 BY MR. BOIES:
- 6 Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Mosser.
- 7 A. Good afternoon.
- 8 Q. Let me just pick up where counsel left off with
- 9 these cross-guarantees.
- 10 Your opinion expressed as to why the company
- 11 ought to be split was that you were saying that the
- 12 insurance companies ought to be split off and supported
- and FP and the parent ought to be left to fail; correct?
- 14 A. Yes. That was the view I expressed at the time,
- 15 yes.
- 16 Q. Now, you then said you changed your mind because
- 17 you found out about cross-default provisions and
- 18 intercompany guarantees and cross-guarantees?
- 19 A. Well, I was told that what I had proposed was not
- 20 possible.
- Q. Who told you that?
- 22 A. Oh. I don't remember.
- Q. Was it your understanding that there were
- 24 cross-default provisions between the insurance companies
- on the one hand and FP and the parent on the other?

- 1 A. Actually I didn't have any understanding of the
- 2 cross-default provisions at all. I was simply told that
- 3 they existed without any specifics.
- Q. But were you told that there were cross-default
- 5 provisions between the insurance companies on the one
- 6 hand and FP and the parent on the other?
- 7 A. I don't remember if anybody gave me anything that
- 8 specific at all. I was simply told that what I had
- 9 proposed was not possible.
- 10 Q. And you don't remember who told you that?
- 11 A. And I don't, I don't remember.
- 12 Q. Let me go to the question that you were asked
- 13 about your responsibility for penalty rates.
- 14 And you said that for the facilities that you had
- 15 a direct responsibility for, you were asked for a
- 16 recommendation, and sometimes it was taken and sometimes
- 17 it was not. Do you remember that?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Which of the facilities did you have a direct
- 20 responsibility for?
- 21 A. The Term Securities Lending Facility.
- TALF, T-A-L-F.
- Q. Any others?
- 24 A. The -- I briefly had -- or my opinion was asked
- 25 regarding the Commercial Paper Funding Facility. I

- 1 didn't -- that had sort of joint responsibilities, a
- 2 little hard to explain.
- 3 And then a facility -- one facility that was not
- 4 13(3), which were the central bank lines.
- 5 Q. Let me ask you about the facilities that are
- 6 13(3).
- 7 The TSLF, what recommendation for a penalty rate
- 8 did you give?
- 9 A. Actually the original recommendation for TSLF was
- 10 that it be an auction price and that it be set in the
- 11 market each day, that the minimum rate start at a penalty
- 12 rate but that the rate could be higher than that
- 13 depending on what the auction was.
- 14 Q. What was the minimum penalty rate that you
- 15 proposed?
- 16 A. My recollection was that the recommendation I made
- 17 was about 50 basis points to start, half a percent to
- 18 start.
- 19 Q. Half a percentage point above --
- 20 A. Excuse me. Pardon me. Yes. Half a percentage
- 21 point above the target policy rate.
- 22 Q. And was your recommendation accepted?
- 23 A. My memory is that it was -- there were -- part
- 24 of -- at the beginning, some TSLF was in fact an
- 25 auction. I don't remember whether it was ever changed

- 1 away from that auction. I think the starting price,
- 2 though, was more like a 25 basis point penalty over the
- 3 target rate, if I recall correctly. I -- I -- my memory
- 4 could be faulty on that.
- 5 Q. The second facility that you had enough
- 6 responsibility for to make a recommendation as to what
- 7 the penalty rate should be was the CPFF.
- 8 A. Uh-huh.
- 9 Q. And what was your recommendation there?
- 10 A. The -- my recommendation was for a significantly
- 11 larger penalty rate. I don't remember if I -- the number
- 12 I gave was the one they used or not, but simply that it
- 13 be higher because of the risks associated with that
- 14 facility. I believe in the end they settled on 300 basis
- 15 points.
- 16 Q. And was that consistent with your recommendation?
- 17 A. Roughly. I don't remember if it's exactly the
- 18 number.
- 19 Q. And the reason that you recommended a higher
- 20 penalty rate for the CPFF than for the TSLF was that you
- 21 believed there was greater risk with respect to the CPFF;
- 22 is that correct?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And then the TALF, what was your recommendation
- 25 there?

- 1 A. The TALF is a different kind of facility. My
- 2 recollection was a hundred basis points, but the base
- 3 rate was not the policy rate, was not the target policy
- 4 rate. The TALF was a longer-term lending and had a
- 5 different base rate, if I recall correctly.
- 6 Q. What was the base rate for the TALF?
- 7 A. I believe -- that's what I'm -- it was a
- 8 longer-term rate because it was a longer-term loan, and
- 9 I -- and my memory fails me as to specifically what it
- 10 was.
- 11 Q. And was your recommendation accepted?
- 12 A. My memory was that I -- that I -- that in that
- 13 particular case I may have actually argued for a higher
- 14 penalty rate than what was put in.
- 15 Q. And you'd argued for a slightly higher penalty
- 16 rate with respect to the TSLF; correct?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. You told counsel that 13(3) loans were unusual and
- 19 rare. Do you recall that?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. At the end of 2008, what was the total outstanding
- 22 balance in 13(3) loans?
- 23 A. I don't remember that number.
- Q. Approximately.
- 25 A. I -- I truly don't know. The size varied quite a

- 1 lot. But it would have been -- it would have been
- 2 hundreds of billions.
- 3 Q. Do you know what percentage of the total
- 4 13(3) loans outstanding at any given point in time was
- 5 represented by the 13(3) loans to AIG?
- 6 A. I don't remember that.
- 7 Q. Do you remember approximately what it was?
- 8 A. No, I don't.
- 9 Q. Was it less than 10 percent?
- 10 A. I don't remember.
- 11 Q. You said that you believed that the retail impact
- 12 of a bankruptcy on insurance companies that were AIG
- 13 subsidiaries might be particularly significant overseas.
- 14 Do you recall that?
- 15 A. That was not my view. That was the view expressed
- 16 at the meeting.
- 17 Q. That was a view that somebody expressed at the
- 18 meeting, but it was not your view.
- 19 A. Right. I actually knew very little about the
- 20 international side of AIG.
- 21 Q. Do you know who expressed that view?
- 22 A. I don't remember.
- 23 Q. Do you know whether the person who expressed that
- 24 view knew whether the AIG brand was extensively used
- 25 overseas or not?

- 1 A. My recollection is that someone made that. I
- 2 don't remember if -- that someone said that, but I don't
- 3 know if they -- remember if they were the same individual
- 4 or individuals who were concerned about the retail
- 5 impact.
- 6 Q. Let me ask you about the life insurance subs and
- 7 the property and casualty insurance subs that you talked
- 8 about.
- 9 Insofar as you are aware, did anyone make an
- 10 estimate of what the fair market value was of either the
- 11 life insurance subs or the property and casualty subs or
- 12 both?
- 13 A. The only analysis I recall seeing is the analysis
- 14 that was included in the previous exhibit, which was an
- 15 assessment of source of strength having to do with excess
- 16 capital.
- 17 O. Now, that --
- 18 A. I don't remember anything on market value.
- 19 Q. What you referenced before had to do with excess
- 20 capital and didn't have to do with what the market value
- 21 of the subs were; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 Q. And were you aware of anyone who looked at or
- 24 analyzed what the market value of the AIG insurance subs
- 25 were?

- 1 A. I don't remember.
- Q. Now, you referred to the property and casualty
- 3 subs as -- and I want to get the -- I want to get the
- 4 words right, but it was -- having a very large capital
- 5 cushion. Do you recall that?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Was any estimate made of the size of this very
- 8 large capital cushion that the property and casualty
- 9 insurance subs of AIG had?
- 10 A. My recollection is the analysis, the source of
- 11 strength analysis that was referenced earlier, includes
- 12 some analysis of that. That's my best recollection.
- 13 Q. Have you seen any analysis of that other than
- 14 what's contained in the documents that have been gone
- 15 over with you?
- 16 A. Not to my recollection.
- Q. And by "gone over with you" I mean gone over with
- 18 you in court.
- 19 A. I don't remember seeing that analysis.
- 20 Q. You don't remember seeing anything else.
- 21 A. No, I don't remember seeing anything else.
- 22 Q. Did you say that it was your understanding that
- 23 after you stopped working on AIG, someone else did a
- 24 further analysis of the valuation or estimated valuation
- of the AIG insurance subs?

10/6/2014

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1
             I don't know if they did or not.
 2
             You don't know one way or the other.
         Q.
 3
         A.
             I do not.
 4
             THE COURT:
                         Mr. Boies, I'm afraid we're going to
 5
     have to adjourn --
 6
             MR. BOIES: Yes, Your Honor.
 7
             THE COURT: -- for today.
 8
             We'll reconvene tomorrow at 9:30 a.m.
 9
             (Whereupon, at 5:01 p.m., the proceedings were
10
     adjourned.)
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Starr International Company, Inc. v. USA

1	CERTIFICATE OF TRANSCRIBER
2	
3	
4	I, Josett F. Whalen, court-approved transcriber,
5	certify that the foregoing is a correct transcription
6	from the official digital sound recording of the
7	proceedings in the above-titled matter.
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12	DATED: OCTOBER 7, 2014
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16	JOSETT F. WHALEN, COURT REPORTER
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1			ADMITTED EXHIBITS
2	PX	PAGE	DESCRIPTION
3	23	1279	Email (8/1/2008 11:48 am) From: Patricia
4			Mosser To: Brian Peters, cc: Lance Auer
5			re: Re: Fw: Access to Fed facilities v 3
6			and attached Criteria for DW access,
7			Appendix_Criteria used to select LFIs
8			and LCBOs, and Primary Delaer
9			alternatives
10	31	1276	Email (8/20/2008 3:29 pm) From: Patricia
11			Mosser To: Rick Weaver, et al. Re: Re:
12			Access to Fed facilities project
13			and attached Project outline - Fed
14			facilities access
15	41	1281	Email (9/12/2008) From: Brian Peters
16			To: Arthur Angulo, Sarah Dahlgren,
17			William Rutledge, Dianne Dobbeck,
18			Clinton Lively, Jim Mahoney re: Fw:
19			Panic
20	42	1285	Email (9/12/2008 5:47 pm) From: Patricia
21			Mosser To: Timothy Geithner, et al.
22			re: AIG meeting this afternoon and
23			attached meeting notes
24			
25			

1	44	1289	Email (9/12/2008 4:03 pm) From: Arthur
2			Angulo To: Patricia Mosser, et al.
3			re: Fw: AIG - Meeting with OTS
4	73	1283	Email (9/16/2008 7:33 am) From: Hayley
5			Boesky To: Patricia Mosser, et al.
6			re: Citi calls in
7	89	1213	Email (9/16/2008 4:25 pm) From: Taiya
8			Smith To: David McCormick, Jim Wilkinson
9			re: AIG
10	232	1271	Email (9/23/2008 5:32 pm) From: Ira
11			Selig To: Patricia Mosser, et al.
12			re:Throwing Some Ideas Against the Wall
13			to See if They Stick
14	253	1242	Email (9/26/2008 11:59 am) From: Adrian
15			Alekian To: Dan Jester re: FW: Attaching
16			Email from Studzinksi to Liddy,
17			Schreiber re: Chinese Vice Premier This
18			Morning
19	423	1209	Interview of Taiya Smith by Henry M.
20			Paulson (2/10/2009)
21	512	1219	Transcript of Interview of Henry Paulson
22			by Mike Carroll: Thursday, April 30,
23			2009
24	692	1266	Historical Changes of the Target Federal
25			Funds and Discount Rates

1	1546	1295	Email (9/14/2008 9:22 pm) From: Patricia
2			Mosser To: Jamie McAndrews re: Re: AIG
3			and the discount window
4	2727	1275	Email (1/17/2009) From: Patricia Mosser
5			To: Brian Peters re: Fw: Summing up C,
6			BAC's earnings, insufficient bank equity
7			
8	DX	PAGE	DESCRIPTION
9	249	1333	EMAIL FROM ALEJANDRO LATORRE TO
10			CHRISTINE CUMMING ET AL RE: UPDATE ON
11			AIG (DETAILS FROM MEETING ON AIG
12			SITUATION)
13	256	1331	EMAIL AND ATTACHMENT FROM PATRICIA
14			MOSSER TO TIMOTHY GEITHNER ET AL RE:
15			AIG MEETING THIS AFTERNOON ,ATTACHMENT
16			AIG MEETING NOTES.DOC
17	276	1342	EMAIL FROM MICHAEL NELSON TO THOMAS
18			BAXTER ET AL RE:FW: AIG/BOARD CALL
19	280	1344	EMAIL FROM MEG MCCONNELL TO PATRICIA
20			MOSSER RE: AIG UPDATE
21	307	1351	EMAIL FROM ALEJANDRO LATORRE, TO ADAM
22			ASHCRAFT, ALEJANDRO LATORRE, CHRISTOPHER
23			CALABIA, ELISE LIEBERRS, HAYLEY BOESKY,
24			JIM MAHONEY, PATRICIA MOSSER, PAUL
25			WHYNOTT, RICHARD CHARLTON, TOBIAS

Starr International Company, Inc. v. USA

1			ADRIAN, WILLIAM WALSH, CATHERINE VOIGTS,
2			TIMOTHY GEITHNER, MICHAEL SILVA, MEG
3			MCCONNELL, WILLIAM DUDLEY, WILLIAM
4			RUTLEDGE, TERRENCE CHECKI, SUSAN STIEHM,
5			ARTHUR ANGULO, CC TANSHEL POINTER, RE:
6			PROS AND CONS ON AIG LENDING, CONTAINS
7			DOCUMENT AIG SUBSIDIARIES ARE: THEY A
8			SOURCE OF STRENGTH, REFERENCING
9			ATTACHMENTS PROS AND CONS OF LENDING TO
10			AIG, COUNTERPARTY EXPOSURE: REPORT, AIG
11			SUBSIDIARIES
12	398	1355	EMAIL FROM TIMOTHY GEITHNER TO CALVIN
13			MITCHELL RE: FW: SUMMARY OF AIG
14			BANKRUPTCY IMPACT
15			
16			
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